

Sketch

Treating Mr Hyde with faint disdain



Simon Hoggart

ALASTAIR Campbell came under gentle attack in the House of Lords yesterday.

As the great columnist Molly Ivins of Austin, Texas, said when she became an object of hatred and ridicule for the far-right radio host Rush Limbaugh, "it's like being gunned to death by a newt."

Those peers are just too darned nice. They are all the kind of people who say "Sorry" when you step on their toes.

The question about Mr Campbell had been asked by Lord Peyton of Yeovil, who as John Peyton used to be transport minister roughly at the time when the big transport issue was whether stage coaches could use smart cards to pay their turnpike tolls. Would the Government, he asked, define the role of the press secretary?

This was courteous code for "Why does this whipper-snapper Campbell think he can send rude faxes to ministers telling them what to do — it would never have happened in my day?"

Lord McIntosh, for the Government, said stolidly that Mr Campbell existed to give out the essential messages, the key themes, and to sustain and co-ordinate these across government — whatever that meant.

Lord Peyton asked whether his real job was to stop Tony Blair from getting involved in unpleasantness — "to play Mr Hyde to the Prime Minister's Dr Jekyll?"

This was perfectly correct. Mr Campbell is, to put it another way, Oddjob, or else that chap with the steel teeth,

working for whichever villain you care to name. As Tony Blair ought to say, "I myself abhor any unpleasantness, Mr Campbell, but I regret that my associate Mr Campbell is less fastidious."

Labour peers, who don't like Alastair Campbell much either, but hope in some cases to be ministers themselves, opted for gallumphing comedy. Lord Janner asked whether Lord McIntosh would have a word with Sir Bernard Ingham — Margaret Thatcher's old press secretary — and ask him "how he could run his office in a more reticent and self-effacing way" (House of Lords irony tends to be splattered on with a paint roller).

Lord McIntosh moved into hyper-sarcasm. Bernard Ingham had been a civil servant. He had always refrained from any activities which could possibly be called party political, and had certainly never made any statements which reflected on the quality of ministers in the Thatcher government.

This was a reference to John Biffen, who Sir Bernard once famously called "a semi-detached member of the government." Now, as Lord Biffen, he sat on the Tory benches looking fully detached, indeed utterly uninterested. He resembled what estate agents go on to describe as "ready for vacant possession."

Lord Strathclyde, a Tory front-bencher, wondered whether Mr Campbell's rude faxes to Harriet Harman and Frank Field had been cleared with the Prime Minister. Lord McIntosh said that he did not deny the importance of Alastair Campbell — "it is more than my job is worth to do so."

As for his faxes to ministers, they were made with the full authority of the Prime Minister.

The peers gasped — or would have gasped if they were hale enough to do anything so energetic. Instead they expressed their astonishment with a deep, sad, subterranean sigh, as if 80 of them had all died at once.

Mob attacks cause hostels to close doors to sex offenders □ Supervision system now 'in danger'

Vigilantes 'get upper hand'

Alan Travis
Home Affairs Editor

THE first signs of the breakdown of the system of supervision of sex offenders emerged yesterday, as ministers admitted the wave of vigilante attacks has forced a growing number of probation hostels to close their doors to paedophiles.

Probation chiefs said at least 10 probation and bail hostels now refuse to accept sex offenders who have been released from prison because they fear attacks from local residents. The problem is believed recently to have got worse since the violent protests surrounding the release of child killers Robert Oliver and Sidney Cooke.

The refusal by some hostels to take any sex offenders

means others have a high proportion among their residents. But even that is now being put in jeopardy as many more of the 101 probation hostels around the country are now also refusing to take sex offenders from outside their own immediate area.

"They don't want to become dumping grounds for the rest of their region," said Gill Mackenzie, vice-chair of the Association of Chief Officers of Probation. Ministers fear that it will become "difficult if not impossible to place these people".

Details of more than 40 incidents of "outing" of sex offenders by local newspapers and vigilante protests and attacks have been released by chief probation officers. In one case, police had to evacuate residents and staff from a hostel when it was surrounded by a crowd of 400 people angry about a sex offender, who in fact was not there.

The developments are the first indications of the breakdown of the entire system of supervision of sex offenders which chief probation officers describe as the "the front line of public protection".

Graham Smith, Chief In-

Belgian government survives

BELGIUM'S coalition government survived a parliamentary censure motion yesterday, following last week's escape from custody of Marc Dutroux, alleged serial child killer and convicted paedophile, but only after ministers had forced the resignation of the country's chief of police.

Lieutenant-General Willy Deridder, the head of the state gendarmerie, offered his resignation after meeting senior ministers a few hours before the no-confidence debate. The government survived the opposition motion by 81-64 votes.

Coalition survives, page 6

bation hostels to protect their children were achieving the opposite, as sex offenders could not be closely monitored if they were living alone.

Mr Smith said there were at present 430 sex offenders living in approved probation hostels. They have been convicted of a range of sex crimes, from minor indecency charges to a few predatory paedophiles. In the hostels they were monitored 24 hours a day, with staff watching where they went.

The disclosure of the impact of the vigilante movement coincided with publication of a new study by the Chief Inspector of Probation, which concludes that the probation service's supervision of sex offenders is highly effective.

It found that 93 per cent of sex offenders kept in hostels

were not reconvicted — among the highest rate for any group of criminals. The Chief Inspector says in his study, the first in this area for seven years, that the quality of work undertaken by the probation service with sex offenders was testimony to their skills and persistence. The inspectors found a high level of vigilance, and the treatment programmes used were designed to protect the public.

The Home Office Minister, Joyce Quin, said the report showed the probation service was playing a vital role.

"If sex offenders are not able to be accommodated in this way, we are in fact increasing the danger to the public by driving them where they can be supervised, to a life underground where they may pose an even greater threat to children."

Time to throw away the dentist's drill?



In the dentist's chair... new vaccine could remove the widespread apprehensiveness which the experience induces

PHOTOGRAPH: SEAN SMITH

Vaccine 'could wipe out problem of tooth decay'

Sarah Boseley
Health Correspondent

A VACCINE to prevent tooth decay, which could make the terrors of the dentist's drill a thing of the past, has been developed by scientists at Guy's Hospital in London after 25 years of research. It was announced yesterday.

The vaccine is not injected but painted on to the teeth. It is colourless, tasteless and

holds no dangers because it is made up of antibodies like those naturally occurring in our immune system, say Tom Lehner and Julian Ma, who led the research.

They are excited by their breakthrough, first, because they have developed a vaccine that may be effective for as long as six months at a time, and second, because they have managed to genetically engineer plants to grow antibodies like those secreted by the gut, throat and lungs.

Results in the experimental group of 15 volunteers at Guy's hospital dental school have been very promising, but clinical trials are now needed before there are any decisions about the way the vaccine is used.

"I believe for the next few years, it should be applied by dentists," said Professor Lehner. "But after a few years we could start experimenting with self-medication in toothpaste or mouthwash or a tablet that is sucked."

Tooth decay is not the problem it once was, but still affects half of all children by the age of five, and three-quarters of all 17-year-olds.

The antibody in the vaccine works specifically on the protein that attaches the damaging bacteria, streptococcus mutans, to the teeth. Volunteers used a strong antiseptic mouthwash for nine days to rid the mouth of all bacteria,

and then were given a course of the vaccine — two coatings a week for three weeks.

At the end of that time, the space that had been colonised by streptococcus mutans on the teeth had been occupied by other, mostly benign, bacteria, and it could not return.

The research is published this week in Nature Medicine magazine in New York.

Dr Ma said: "This vaccine is a breakthrough in the prevention of tooth decay. We have found a way of using plants to produce this vaccine safely and in large quantities — it would not be possible otherwise."

A California-based company, Plant Biotechnology, has worked with the Guy's team to modify tobacco plants to grow the antibody. "The cost of the raw material will be negligible," said Dr Ma. "You can grow fields of the stuff."

But so far none of the pharmaceutical companies has offered to finance clinical trials. Professor Lehner said he did not know why a British company had not come forward to develop the idea commercially. "Somehow, we lack the will or entrepreneurial spirit that the Californians have."

Could it mean the end of fillings? "I think it is the beginning of the end, frankly. But how soon depends on how much money we can get to do what we need to do in the field trials."

But the vaccine was not a licence for children to eat sweets and throw away their toothbrushes. Too much sugar would overload the antibody protection, and brushing teeth is in any case vital for preventing gum disease, the scientists pointed out.

Professor Lehner can now see the end to his 25-year

'I think it is the beginning of the end of fillings, frankly. But how soon depends on how much money we can get to do what we need to do in the field trials'

Prof Tom Lehner

Review

Sober stance, flagrant style

Andrew Clements

Two Pogorelich
Royal Festival Hall

ONLY the hairstyle, tied back into a neat bob, now hints at the flamboyant figure that Ivo Pogorelich used to present on the piano. But though his demeanour at the piano has become utterly sober and restrained, his playing still retains the capacity to frustrate, infuriate and delight in roughly equal proportions, although last night the first two qualities tended to outweigh the third.

When Pogorelich first erupted on to the international concert circuit by failing to win the Warsaw Chopin Competition in 1980, he seemed to be a pianist of limitless potential. The occasional wilfulness seemed a small price to pay for such sovereign keyboard command, such an opulent range of tone, colour and touch.

But though the technique has remained intact, the wilfulness has grown; sometimes it remains under control as an attractive quirkiness that does not destroy the integrity of his performance, but all too often it devours his interpretations, leaving little but a series of provocative effects.

It certainly made short work of the set of Chopin's preludes that made up the first half of this programme. Along the way there were things to

admire, musical as well as purely technical: the opening C major prelude taken as a perfectly contained lyrical effusion, as effortless and relaxed as taking a breath.

But so much more was maneuvered to the point of caricature, hopelessly laboured (the E minor and D flat major), overpedalled to increase the emphasis of the bass (the G sharp minor).

When originally announced the Chopin was to have ended Pogorelich's programme. But in turning the sequence upside down Schumann's Poetana was replaced by Prokofiev's Third Sonata, following on from a Rachmaninov Moment Musical that provided a perfect example of his not seeing the shape of the musical wood for the self-regarding beauty of the individual trees, and three Spanish Dances by Granados which suffocated under the attempt to make them more profound than they really are.

Erotolev, though, brought the best from Pogorelich. He prefaced the sonata with an arrangement of the Farewell Scene from the Romeo and Juliet ballet, ravishingly played without a trace of affectation, and then unleashed his full argument on the rebarbative writing of the Third. It's a piece that scarcely pauses for breath; when forced into sharp focus like this, it showed that his playing can still be irresistible.

This review appeared in later editions of yesterday's Guardian

Fat-cat barristers defend high legal aid fees after Lord Chancellor names and shames

continued from page one

time judge, received at least £270,000 in legal aid payments in 1996-97, the biggest legal aid payment that year. Mr Trollope's name was the only one to appear on both lists.

He was paid between £270,000 and £319,000 from the legal aid fund covering civil cases and magistrates court criminal cases in that year. He also received between £400,000 and £450,000 from

criminal legal aid. But Mr Trollope said the figures in his case covered three financial years.

He specialises in serious white collar crime, though he has defended in a number of

high-profile murder cases, including that of the gay serial killer Colin Ireland.

Both the highest paid criminal QCs — Alan Jones, who received £575,000 and Peter Rook, just under £500,000 —

represented Kevin Maxwell and Robert Bunn in the Maxwell fraud trial.

Daniel Brennan QC, who received more than £320,000 for civil work and who specialises in medical negli-

gence, said he had an 82 per cent success rate, which meant that most of his fees were repaid to the legal aid board by the losing party.

In medical negligence cases, this is usually the NHS.

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Selling by numbersThe Royal Festival Hall
Personal

To the driver they are a man of mystery, but to the Treasury source of phone number pr

B

...the driver they are a man of mystery, but to the Treasury source of phone number pr



TV brings no

There is no... there's the... activism... Alice Walker...

G2 p...

Selling by numbers



Fanfare of publicity... The Royal Philharmonic Orchestra celebrates acquiring a useful licence plate to adorn one of its trucks

Personal plates spell big money

To the driver they are a matter of vanity, but to the Treasury a source of phone number profits

Nicholas Bannister, Chief Business Correspondent

BUYING a personalised number plate may be the ultimate in personal vanity, a public display of one's wit and wealth. But it has also become a licence to print money for the government, since the Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency got the go-ahead to distribute previously unissued personalised plates in 1989.

Since then, the DVLA has

raised more than £300 million for Treasury coffers by pandering to people's desire to make their cars stand out from their fellows.

The DVLA reported yesterday that it raised just under £50 million last year from sale of personalised plates. And it is expecting an even bigger bonanza when the "S" prefix is introduced this summer.

"The 'S' prefixed numbers just look right and there are a number of combinations which will be particularly attractive," said Byron Roberts, the DVLA's marketing man-

ager. "SIMON is likely to be very valuable registration when we sell it at auction, while SINGH is expected to be one of the most valuable we have ever released. There has been terrific demand for that number for years."

Putting a value on a number, however, has been a headache for the DVLA. When it put KINGS up for auction it was expected to fetch about £15,000.

"The sale took place at Christie's in South Kensington," Mr Roberts said. "The bidding started at £10,000 and went to £15,000. By then there were just two very wealthy individuals involved. It was eventually sold for £231,000. Valuing numbers is not a science or an art, it is just guesswork."

About half the 500,000 or more personalised plates sold by the DVLA go to companies or other organisations, to attract attention to their vehicles and act as mobile advertisements for their goods and services. The Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, for example, was given RI RPO for a new truck.

Individuals buy them for a myriad reasons, including self-aggrandisement, sentiment, fun and folly. Some just take a gamble, buy the plates as an investment, and hope to sell them at a profit later.

A Beatles fan earlier this month bought the RINGO plate for £5,000, while a Scotsman bought LAURA for £38,000 for his 15-year-old daughter Laura, as yet without car or driving licence.

Among the most famous purchases, albeit from the dealers who account for 55 per cent of the £80 million a year market in personalised plates, were MAGIC by magician Paul Daniels, and COMIC by comedian Jimmy Tarbuck.

Buying personalised numbers can be risky. Sultan Isam Dajani, a young Wiltshire pharmacist, bought a set as a gift for his girlfriend, but got dumped by her before he could give them to her.

However, he does not regret the purchase. He finds it is the P888 HOT plate, rather than the red MGF sports car which carries it, that excites comment.

Not all numbers are available. The DVLA has a pool of selected numbers, using all

the previous prefixes except C, D, E, F, and G, which can be bought over the phone, using a credit card. But the more valuable numbers are auctioned.

It does not, however, reissue numbers, partly because the DVLA does not want to disappoint classic car enthusiasts who want the original number plate on restored vehicles.

Classic numbers do not always go on classic or luxurious cars. "One of the first numbers we ever sold was LA, which went for £300,000," said Mr Roberts. "It was later seen on a long wheelbase, diesel Land-Rover, belching out clouds of blue smoke. The number plate was worth hundreds of times more than the vehicle."

Jobs under threat as exports dip

Charlotte Denny

THE threat of heavy redundancies was hanging over industry yesterday as new evidence showed the strength of sterling has driven exporters' confidence to its lowest level since the recession of the 1980s.

The fragile state of the manufacturing sector was confirmed by separate data showing Britain's trading deficit has ballooned to an eight year high. The figures showed that the underlying trend was for the trade figures to worsen, according to the Office for National Statistics.

A survey by the Confederation of British Industry published yesterday found manufacturers preparing to cut investment and lay off workers. Almost two thirds of exporters think the outlook will worsen over the next three months, while only 10 per cent are expecting an improvement - the gloomiest assessment of prospects for 18 years.

City analysts said the survey showed the depth of the crisis facing British manufacturing. "Every component of the survey is weaker and many are pointing to recession," said Simon Briscoe of the Japanese bank Nikko Europe.

John O'Sullivan, of NatWest markets, said it was a "truly dreadful report, even by the standards of recent gloomy manufacturing surveys... A shake-out from manufacturing payrolls is imminent."

The CBI last night pleaded with the Bank of England not to make matters worse by increasing interest rates.

While admitting the Gov-

ernment could do little to take the pressure off sterling, the CBI's chief economist, Kate Barker, said Gordon Brown, the Chancellor, "had not properly taken on board" the problems exporters faced with the rise in the value of the pound against foreign currencies.

Official figures released yesterday showed the pound's strength is sucking in cheap imports and causing exports to slide. The trade deficit increased to £2.2 billion in February, the highest monthly figure since March 1990, the dying days of the last economic boom. Exports were flat, while the value of imports rose by 7.5 per cent.

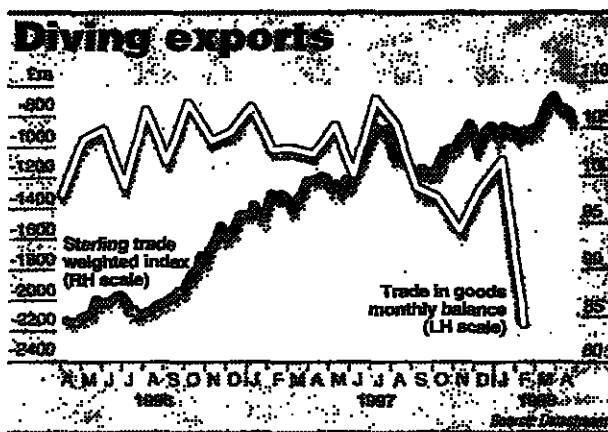
Analysts said the ballooning current account deficit could undermine the Government's economic programme. "A couple more monthly numbers on this scale would really threaten the balance in the economy," Mr Briscoe said.

Despite the gloomy news from the export sector, the CBI's director, Adair Turner, told an audience of York business people last night that industry had as little interest in an undervalued pound as in an overvalued one.

The long term challenge was to improve Britain's productivity against its competitors, which would increase economic growth.

"In the 1980s Britain managed to cut the productivity gap versus our competitors but over the last three years our growth has slowed while that of our competitors has accelerated... If we copied best practice in manufacturing, our GDP could increase by £60 billion a year," Mr Turner said.

Notebook, page 11



Sultan Isam Dajani with the registration that was to have been a gift for his girlfriend

Pithy and pricey

Highest priced number plates sold through the DVLA's Classic Collection auctions:

1. K1 NGS £231,000
2. 1 A £200,000
3. 1 RR £106,000
4. 1 S £100,000
5. G1 LLY £87,500
6. P1 LOT £82,500
7. 1 DM £75,000
8. 1 J £75,000
9. ELV 1S £75,000
10. N1 GEL £75,000

TV brings no violence to St Helena

Kamel Ahmed Media Correspondent

AREMARKABLE experiment with children who had never been exposed to television has shown that its introduction to the tiny community of St Helena has not created a surge in violence.

The study undermines previous research which had suggested a link between television violence and anti-social behaviour.

"St Helena has given us a unique opportunity to look at children's behaviour both before and after the introduction of television in a real-life setting," said Professor Tony Charlton, who is leading the research project funded by the Economic and Social Research Council.

The researchers, who filmed children at play during school breaks in the South Atlantic British colony, found no increase in hitting, punching, pinching or fighting. Television was introduced to the community in 1995.

The findings back up research among teenagers on the island.

"Much of the evidence which suggests television is a

negative influence has come from artificial laboratory environments," Prof Charlton said. "What we are seeing is that violence on television is not a direct cause of violent behaviour in young people. A healthy family, school and community environment are more important influences in shaping behaviour."

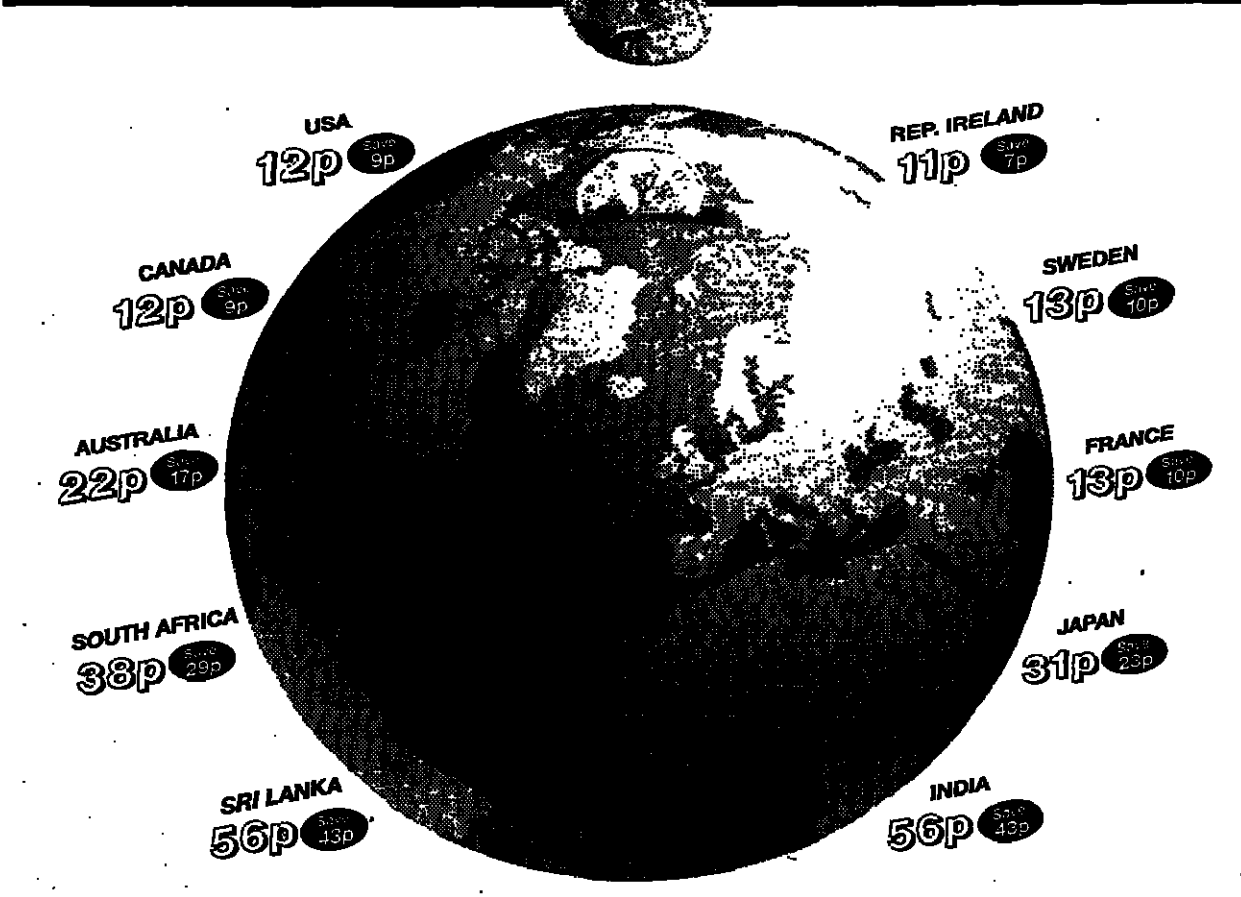
In January a Home Office study suggested that there was a link between criminal behaviour and violent videos for those who were already in "vulnerable" situations.

In the United States the link between a violent society and television appeared to be

strengthened when a study revealed that the average US child would see 32,000 murders, 40,000 attempted murders and 250,000 acts of violence on television before the age of 18.

In St Helena, although the levels of violence on the cable networks beamed into the island are slightly higher than on television in Britain, and there is no viewing "watershed", Prof Charlton said the strong sense of community affected children's behaviour. Older children operated a "neighbourhood watch" which made it hard for youngsters to misbehave.

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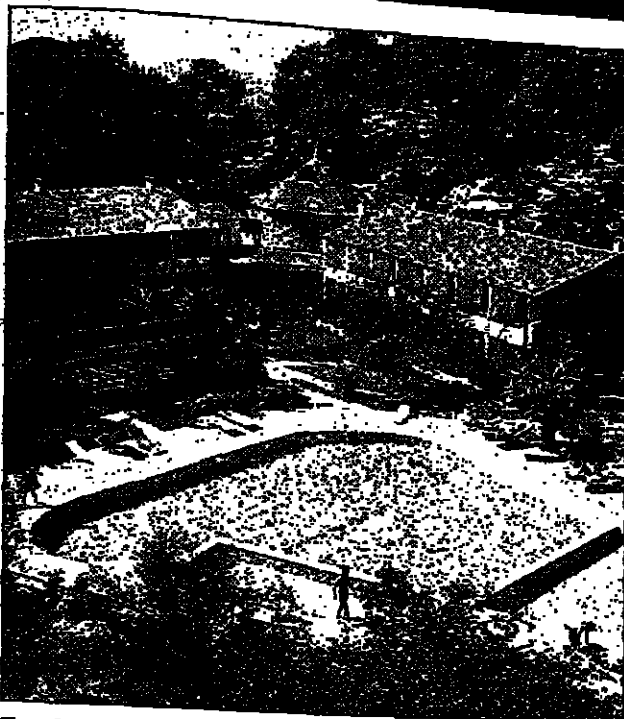
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There is an activism inherent in writing, but then there's the activism inherent in being active literally... activism that feels right to you is probably your activism, and...you should stick with it"

Alice Walker on politics, race and sexuality

Arts, G2 page 8

Vacations by nations



Tourist trap... The Sultan Palas Hotel in Dalman, Turkey

Kamal Ahmed on a TV series exposing how the Japanese, Germans, Americans and Brits really behave on their holidays



British holidaymakers enjoying a toga party, which the Germans disclaimed until provided with clean sheets. Overall, hotel staff rated the Japanese most fun

Holiday stereotypes fall into sun trap

GERMANS have towels to defend their sun-loungers, Americans are reserved and the British drunk — such are the stereotypes of different nation's holidaymakers.

But all that is about to be torn asunder by a documentary series which used hidden cameras to show the best and worst sides of national characteristics.

The Channel 4 programme, for which holidaymakers were not told they were being filmed, will reveal that the above list only the British act to type — drinking into the small hours night after night.

The programme makers invited groups of tourists from those four countries to the Sultan Palas Hotel in Dalman, Turkey, and secretly filmed them in set-up situations.

The Germans were the only group to send back a bottle of wine laced with vinegar. The British stole the beer but did not mind the queue-jumpers,

and the Japanese were so shocked when a planted actor began showering in the nude that they turned their backs on him and demanded he put on a towel.

The most upsetting thing for the Americans was finding someone had burned their flag above the bar. One holidaymaker said she wanted to take the remains home and "dispose of them properly".

There were also surprising reactions to a "drunk" coach driver, who was meant to take the tourists on a trip. The British refused to get on the bus, the Japanese seemed unconcerned until the group leader noticed that the driver had a bottle of spirits at his feet, and the Germans were more concerned that he would be sacked if they made too much fuss.

"I don't want to blame him," one German said to hotel staff. "Maybe he loses his job, maybe he has children."

The programme makers were given an afternoon off the British went and played foot-

ball in the pouring rain, the Germans went walking, the Japanese hired a tour coach so as not to waste a moment's potential sightseeing, and the Americans played pool in the bar.

"We found that some of the stereotypes are based on a grain of truth, whereas others are unfounded," said David Glover, producer of the programme called *Tourist Trap*, which starts next week.

He said the Japanese group had been judged by the hotel staff as the most fun, undermining the usual judgment that the country is withdrawn.

The programme will reignite the debate on fly-on-the-wall documentaries which have been criticised for engineering situations to make them look more controversial.

The director of the programme, David Dugan, admitted that it had raised a series of ethical dilemmas, but said all the people involved had been told at the end that they had been duped and had

clean sheets before they would take part in the toga party, although they showed a caring streak dealing with the "drunk" coach driver. Only group to send back wine laced with vinegar.

Do say: I'll put a spot of bleach on that. Don't say: Who's for charades?

THE AMERICANS
Myth: Outgoing, fun-loving cheerleaders who have only come across Turkey on Thanksgiving and like everybody as long as they don't smoke.
Reality: Reserved group, baffled by Turkish baths.

Do say: Where's the party? Don't say: Kodak.

THE GERMANS
Myth: Austere with no sense of humour. They carry towels around to claim sun-loungers first.
Reality: Least fun-loving group (they had to be given

Police free boy torture victim

Geoffrey Gibbs

A 12-YEAR-OLD torture victim was receiving treatment for hundreds of injuries last night after being found tied to banisters during a police raid on a house in Dorset.

Police officers and ambulance paramedics who went to the property in Poole were horrified at the extent of the violence inflicted on the boy. None had ever seen such a serious case of child abuse.

It is thought that he may have been tortured and starved for three weeks during which he was forced to stand on drawing pins and was beaten with a variety of weapons.

Dorset police yesterday refused to comment on the case but said they were questioning the man and woman. The two, both in their 30s and from the Creekmoor area of Poole, were in custody "following allegations of serious assault in respect of a 12-year-old male".

Medical staff at Poole hospital refused to comment on the nature of the injuries, which reportedly reduced one nurse to tears.

It is understood that the beatings left the boy with a fractured skull and jaw, and damage to his wrists and ankles.

A hospital spokeswoman said: "We can confirm that the child is a patient in the children's unit. He is making a reasonable recovery. No surgery is planned at present."

It is believed that the boy's ordeal, which included starvation, may have lasted for three weeks.

He was tied so tightly that the circulation to his wrists had been cut off.

Police raided the address late on Sunday following a tip from a member of the public, and immediately called paramedics to the scene.

Two other children at the address have been taken to a place of safety by social workers and placed in care.

Police and social services are carrying out a joint investigation.

School wins chance to stress ethos of Islam

Vivak Chaudhary
Education Correspondent

A PRIMARY school in Liverpool is to become the first local authority administered school to have a strong Islamic ethos, following a deal between the city's Muslim community and Muslim organisations.

The school is due to open in September next year to cater for up to 400 pupils aged between five and 11 in the inner city Granby area, where most of the city's Muslim community lives. It will be open to all faiths, but its timetable will include Islamic assemblies, the teaching of Islamic history, and religious education with an emphasis on Islam.

It will offer food suitable for Muslim pupils, and give holidays for Muslim festivals. An attempt will be made to have a significant number of Muslim school governors.

The ground-breaking venture follows a decision to close Granby Junior school and Tiber county primary school, both of which suffered from falling rolls, and amalgamate them into one school with an Islamic ethos, on a site that has yet to be decided.

Local non-Muslim parents claim that the plan for the city school was imposed by the council, and that in the two schools does not justify the decision — 50 per cent of pupils at Granby are Muslim, and 30 per cent at Tiber.

There are 61 independent Muslim schools in the country, and two more were awarded state funding in January, but none is directly run by a local education authority.

Ann Melville of the Liverpool authority said: "This will not be a grant maintained school or a Muslim school. It will be a regular, local authority administered school with an Islamic ethos. We will have the same admission policy as we have for our other schools. There is a significant Mus-

lim population in the Granby and Toxteth area of Liverpool and we wanted to have a school that reflected the make-up of the area where full recognition is given to the Islamic faith."

The school, which has not been named, is supported by Labour and Liberal Democrat Liverpool city councillors, and the Education and Employment Secretary, David Blunkett, has been asked for his approval.

The authority says that pupils who do not wish to take part in Islamic assemblies or other activities will not be compelled to do so and that all others faiths will be recognised.

Paul Cheema, a councillor and Liberal Democrat spokesman on education, said: "We want Islam to be treated on an equal basis with other religions, and that's why this school is being formed."

"The Muslim community does not want an exclusively Muslim school but wants a school that reflects the cultural diversity of the city. There has been some disquiet but, if the Muslim community wants a school in which it can feel comfortable, then, as a matter of equal opportunity, it's only fair that it should have one."

Councillors have set up a working group to establish how a school with an Islamic ethos would operate. They are also considering plans to apply for foundation status, which will replace grant maintained status under government proposals, and would give them the right to set aside a major part of places on the school board for Muslim governors.

Akram Khan-Cheema, an education consultant who has been involved in setting up the school, said: "It's a very exciting and imaginative proposal. The school will not be just for Muslims and will offer something to the whole community, regardless of their religion. It will give others a chance to see what an Islamic ethos is all about."



Aisha Hussein and her six children, who all attend Tiber county primary school in Toxteth

'Lack of consultation' angers parents

STORM clouds gathered over Tiber county primary school yesterday as pupils emerged to meet their parents at the end of the school day, writes David Ward.

It could have been an omen: Divine rage at or divine support for a plan to create a school with a Muslim ethos in Toxteth, Liverpool's racial melting pot.

Tiber is three years away from the century it will

never see if, as planned, the demolition squad moves in in the summer of 1999.

"If this school goes, the heart will be taken out of the community," said Linda Harwood as she collected her two sons. "We have been told that the new school will be multi-faith with a Muslim ethos and would welcome people of all faiths and none."

That, she suggested, implied a contradiction which no one had yet explained.

About 30 per cent of Tiber's 160 pupils are Muslim, but non-Muslims are not so much worried about religion as angry at the council for lack of consultation. The plan is that a new school with a Muslim ethos open nearby, possibly on the site of the former St Bernard's Roman Catholic school.

This suits Aisha Hussein who has six children at Tiber. "I do not ask for my children to be taken out of Christian prayers," she said. "But it would be nice to have a Muslim school."

"This is nothing to do with the opening of a new Muslim school," Ms Harwood said.

"We are angry because we only found out it was going ahead from the press. The kids are quite happy here and we have a very good parent-teacher relationship."

She said a consultation meeting in June last year had been attended by only nine parents because it was said the school was not part of the reorganisation plan.

"Then I picked up the [Liverpool] Echo on February 3 and saw we were part of it. Our fight is for the new school to be in the Tiber building. I'll send my kids here but I won't send them to a site near Granby Street, where the drug dealers are."

EU health curbs lifted by court

Stephen Bates in Brussels

A RULING by the European Court could open the way to thousands of patients from Britain and continental Europe being able to shop around for medical treatment across the European Union.

The Luxembourg-based European Court of Justice yesterday ruled that regulations by medical insurance or state health services trying to deter patients from visiting other countries for treatment or medical supplies are a barrier to free trade.

"It means there is nothing in future to stop a woman living in Dover seeking medical treatment in Calais or Ostend," a court spokesman said.

The ruling appears to clear the way for patients to claim at least out-patient treatment at hospitals in other EU member states and to purchase equipment abroad such as spectacles for which they can later claim reimbursement.

It is less clear whether patients would be eligible to have long-stay treatment or operations reimbursed, or whether the actual cost would be met rather than the cost of treatment in the patient's home state.

Yesterday's court decision arose from two cases brought by Luxembourg residents, who both sought repayments after seeking treatment just

over the border of the tiny duchy, in Germany and Belgium.

One, Nicolas Decker, had been denied repayment for a pair of spectacles, purchased in the nearest town in Belgium, less than 20 miles away from his home in Luxembourg.

The other, Raymond Kohll, had wanted his daughter's dental treatment to be carried out in Trier, just over the border in Germany, but his application to the Luxembourg social insurance department was refused on the grounds that the treatment was not urgent and could have waited to be carried out in his own country.

Both were claiming under Luxembourg's social security system in which claimants pay for treatment and apply for reimbursement from the state.

The court ruled the refusals amounted to an unjustified barrier to the EU's free movement of goods and services.

In its judgement the court stated: "Such rules constitute a barrier to free movement as they encourage insured persons to purchase medical products of Luxembourg rather than in other member states."

A Department of Health spokesman in London said: "We are still studying the implications of the judgment. It certainly seems as if it allows treatment abroad but it may be hospital treatment is excluded."

Fergie flaunts family affairs as post-divorce 'role model'

THE Duchess of York heaped fresh embarrassment on the royal family yesterday by revealing that she and her former husband do not bring lovers back to their shared Berkshire home, writes Luke Harding.

In a cringe-making adaptation of sporting phraseology, she confessed that she and the Duke of York carry on their affairs "away from home". "We play away games," she said.

Her disclosure was made to the American chat show host Jay Leno — and to several million US viewers.

Sarah revealed that she and the duke had agreed a no-sex pact at their Sunninghill home — where she occupies the bottom floor, and he the top — for the sake of their daughters Beatrice and Eugenie. But she insisted that her living arrangements are a good role model for other divorced couples.

"Andrew and I believe in co-parenting. That is what it is called," she said.

Netanyahu rejects US terms for peace

THE Israeli prime minister, Benjamin Netanyahu, said yesterday he would face world condemnation rather than accept Washington's terms for reviving the Middle East peace process. The US plan requires Israel to withdraw from 13 per cent of the West Bank in return for a Palestinian crackdown on Islamic militants. Mr Netanyahu has offered 9 per cent.

"They'll all point fingers at me. So what? I will do what I think is important to achieve a secure peace, a real peace, a defensible peace for Israel," he said yesterday.

The cancellation of meetings scheduled for Monday between the US secretary of state, Madeleine Albright, and Mr Netanyahu and separately — Yasser Arafat in London remains a possibility. — *David Sharrock, Jerusalem.*

Hurt mayor condemns Croats

A BOSNIAN Serb mayor, who was badly beaten by Croats during a riot, yesterday condemned Croatian and international officials for allowing the attack to happen.

Milan Marčeta made an emotional speech from a wheelchair at a one-day conference to accelerate the return of 1.8 million displaced people and refugees to their pre-war homes in Bosnia. He was hurt last week when Croats attacked United Nations buildings and forced Serb refugees trying to return to the west Bosnian town of Drvar. — *Raissa, Banja Luka.*

Girls die in sweltering car

TWO men have been charged with first-degree murder in Arkansas after leaving two young girls strapped in car seats in a black car which "heated up like an oven".

The girls, aged four and 16 months, died of heat exhaustion and dehydration, the authorities said.

The father of one of the girls and another man left the youngsters in the car for eight hours while they went looking for mushrooms. When they found the girls in the car, the men drove to hospital praying and screaming, the police report said. — *AP, Little Rock.*

Serbs 'swoop on Kosovans'

AN ATTACK on a command centre of the Kosovo Liberation Army left eight people dead, a Serbian police source reported yesterday. The village of Glogjane, about 60 miles south-west of Pristina, was attacked on Monday, he said.

But the report was denied by the Serb Media Centre, which is close to the government. Details are sketchy because the area around the Albanian-Kosovo border has been sealed off by the security forces.

Independent news organisations in Belgrade reported earlier that suspected Albanian militants had kidnapped eight Serbs in the Glogjane area. — *AP, Pristina.*

De Klerk's wife fights the siren

David Bensusford
in Johannesburg

THE fighting qualities of the South African Voortrekker — Afrikaaner pioneer — woman is celebrated. But rarely has Afrikaander seen a battle so determined as that being fought by the former first lady Marika de Klerk to save her husband from a Greek "siren".

The long-running marital battle of the De Klerk family, which some commentators believe may have helped shape the course of South African history, seems to be approaching a painful conclusion.

"I'm hoping God will give us a miracle," Mrs De Klerk said at the weekend of her attempts to win her husband from the clutches of Elita Georgiadis, the wife of a Greek oil tycoon.

"I have already instructed my attorney to proceed with a divorce action," Mr F. W. De Klerk countered adamantly. "Mrs Georgiadis is likewise busy with a divorce action, and we plan to marry each other when that has been finalised."

South African Calvinists

tend to suffer in silence, but Mrs De Klerk has chosen to put her heartbreak firmly in the public domain. She is sharing the agony of her lost love in a book, extracts from which were published in South African newspapers yesterday.

The book will offer some encouragement to analysts who believe that Mr De Klerk's preoccupation with his love affair may have distracted him at important moments in South Africa's constitutional negotiations.

"Men prefer romance to facts or fortune," Marika De Klerk says of the man credited with one of history's most striking exercises in *realpolitik*: abandoning power to South Africa's black majority. "They want to be hugged and cuddled."

Besides putting many a feminist's teeth on edge, her disclosures must have prompted many a tear in Afrikaaner households yesterday. But she will not have the sympathy of all Afrikaaners.

In the 1980s Mrs De Klerk made a name for herself as the army's liaison to the so-called "brown Afrikaaners" — the coloured, or mixed-race, population — by offering some political insights to a meeting in a geriatric home.

Crisis at the heart of the union



Coalition survives censure

Stephen Bates in Brussels

THE Belgian coalition government of Jean-Luc Dehaene survived a censure motion in the parliament in Brussels yesterday, but the coalition's survival was a narrow one.

most notorious criminal, Marc Dutroux. But the vote came only after ministers had forced the resignation of the chief of police, Lieutenant-General Willy Deridder after meeting senior ministers a few hours before the no-confidence debate.

Mr Dehaene appealed for the reform of Belgium's antiquated and inefficient police and magistrates' investigation system to be speeded up. He also called for support for his government before this week's European Union summit at which Belgium is expected to gain entry to the single currency.

Mr Dehaene told the parliament that reforms were the government's absolute priority and that prisoners would no longer be allowed to go to court to read papers about their cases. It was on such a visit that Dutroux escaped. "The unimaginable happened," he admitted.

His government survived the no-confidence motion by 81 votes to 64 after a four-hour debate.

The newly re-elected prime minister, Poul Nyrup Rasmussen, is afraid that government intervention could prompt the trade unions to call for a No vote in the national referendum on the Amsterdam treaty on May 28.

Mr Dehaene's survival was not in doubt, since his government has a majority of 14 over opposition parties and has more than a year of its term to run. This meant that only about 200 demonstrators protested outside the Brussels palace of justice, far short of the 300,000 Belgians who took to the streets in October 1996 to protest at the government's handling of the case. Yesterday the demonstrators were outnumbered by police.

The new interior minister, Louis Tobback, called for senior police and judicial figures "to take the honour of resigning" upon themselves. It transpired yesterday that the government did not feel able to sack them for fear of being challenged in the courts.

The police chief's resignation is the third arising from Dutroux's three-hour escape from police custody last Thursday. The justice and interior ministers quit within minutes of the recapture.

Bishop's murder horrifies Pope

Phil Gannon
Latin America
Correspondent

THE POPE and the United Nations secretary-general, Kofi Annan, have joined the international condemnation of the murder of Bishop Juan Gerardi, a human rights advocate, in Guatemala.

The killing of Gerardi, who was beaten with a block of concrete at his home in Guatemala City, was "an abominable crime which has taken the life of a true servant of peace", the Pope said.

Mr Annan condemned the Sunday night killing "in the strongest terms". The UN Human Rights Commissioner, Mary Robinson, called on the Guatemalan government to "make all efforts to bring to justice those responsible for this heinous crime".

The UN Human Rights Commission recently voted to end its special scrutiny of the country after 19 years. But the Nobel Peace Prize winner Rigoberta Menchú — an indigenous Guatemalan — said the Gerardi killing "reveals that the situation has not changed and that impunity continues".

Ms Menchú, several of whose closest relatives were victims of atrocities, added that the murder was "a very clear message". Early indications suggest that as many as four men may have been involved in the murder. A homeless youth who slept in the cathedral doorway has given the police a description of a man in his mid-20s who emerged from the bishop's residence at around the time Gerardi died.

report on the atrocities committed during the 36-year civil war which ended in December 1996.

The report blames the army for 80 per cent of the human rights violations, which it says left 150,000 dead and 500,000 missing. A military spokeswoman, Edith Vargas, denied that the army was involved in the bishop's killing and promised full co-operation with the investigation.

Gerardi, who was 75, headed the human rights office of the Guatemala City archdiocese and was the ecclesiastical co-ordinator for the Historical Memory Recovery project, an attempt to establish the truth about wartime atrocities.

In the 1970s he was bishop of the northern diocese of Quiché, among the areas hardest hit by military violence. In June 1990 he chose to close down the office after several priests were murdered. Death threats and an assassination attempt forced him into exile in 1982-84.

Ironically, the report he presented on Friday was titled *Never Again*. His death is seen in Guatemala as a profound setback to the peace process begun by the 1996 accords between the Arzi government and guerrillas of the Guatemalan Revolutionary National Unity Movement (URNG).

Law suit exposes US Nethead's naked ambition

Christopher Reed
in Los Angeles

HOLLYWOOD stars are launching an attack on Internet sites that make money by showing fake or stolen nude pictures of celebrities.

Alyssa Milano, aged 25, an actress from the long-running soap *Melrose Place*, filed two lawsuits in Los Angeles yesterday against several sites she says show pictures of her naked.

The action is the first of its kind and is regarded as a test case against a growing industry exploiting digitalised nude images that are often flagrant violations of copyright — or outright fraud.

Milano's Beverly Hills lawyer, Michell Kamark, said: "Celebrities are realising for the first time that the Net is a dangerous force if it's not controlled. We hope that this lawsuit starts a broader attack by Hollywood against such sex sites."

One of the defendants named by the actress is John Lindgren, aged 21, who claims to make around \$10,000 (\$2,000) a month from his Website, nudecelebrity.com, run from Minnesota.

made by grafting the head of a star on to a nude photo of someone else. A home-made gallery of nude images can be created using relatively simple desktop publishing equipment.

Taking pictures from a film is trickier and a direct infringement of copyright. Some pictures are copies of paparazzi shots.

The sites make money by charging access fees, selling the pictures on-line for about \$100, or making more elaborate CD-ROMs with hundreds of pictures. Customers give a credit card number and another company which checks their veracity will also verify that the buyer is not a minor, one of the few legal requirements in the burgeoning Internet porn business.

Although the law is mainly in Hollywood's favour, closing down the electronic peepshows is probably impossible. The Internet is almost completely unregulated and the astonishing proliferation of pornography in cyberspace is testament to the genre's popularity.

But the stars are outraged and their resources are immense. Milano's mother, Lin Milano, started a company to identify and pursue cyber-porn pirates after her 12-year-old son accidentally found pictures of his famous sister in the buff on the Internet.

Many of the pictures are

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Rumblings herald the new thrust of politics

Martin Walker in Brussels

THE Danish government refused to intervene yesterday to stop a general strike which has paralysed public transport, factories and building work, and emptied supermarket shelves and petrol stations as Danes stock up for a long dispute.

The newly re-elected prime minister, Poul Nyrup Rasmussen, is afraid that government intervention could prompt the trade unions to call for a No vote in the national referendum on the Amsterdam treaty on May 28.

A close vote is expected. Almost one in 10 of Denmark's 5 million people are on strike for a sixth week of paid holiday. The unions have rejected a national pay rise of 8.5 per cent over two years.

The strike, the simultaneous Belgian government crisis and a tense Dutch election campaign represent more than just a collective rumbling. They point to the new politics of Europe, in which jobs or incomes are no longer the primary issues.

The three countries, where prosperity is high and unemployment is low or falling, score high on the Euro-Barometer poll of citizens' "very



A passenger walks the empty halls of Kastrup airport, Copenhagen, hit by strike action. PHOTOGRAPH: BJARKE OESTED

or fairly" contented with life. In the Netherlands and Denmark the underlying issues are the European Union, the single currency and the growing sway of EU treaties reducing the role of national governments. In Belgium, where the government defeated a no-confidence vote yesterday, the issue is government weakness and failure to reform the flawed judicial system.

Each country is run by a centre-left coalition and can claim to pursue its own version of Tony Blair's vaunted "third way". But the Dutch prime minister, Wim Kok, may be defeated in next week's election by the collapse in support

for the most Blairite of his coalition partners, D-66. Denmark, the strike is about social fairness. But lurking behind it is next month's referendum on the Amsterdam treaty. A repeat of Denmark's No vote on the Maastricht treaty in 1993 could imperil its future in the Union.

Even in the pro-EU Netherlands, politics are couched in terms that make a committed European wince. Asked how his country would react to a French veto of his candidate for the EU's new central bank, the Dutch finance minister, Gerrit Zalm, said: "It would be even worse than losing to Germany in the World Cup."

For bank, read football

Analysis

Martin Walker

TONY Blair flies to the Netherlands on Friday in the hope of resolving the Franco-Dutch row over the first head of the new European central bank, which threatens to overshadow this weekend's formal launch of new single currency.

One big question is how hard Mr Blair will try to settle a dispute over a new institution and currency in which Britain takes no part.

Another is whether — as Germany is demanding — the issue really has to be settled on Saturday, when European Union leaders meet in Brussels.

The candidate favoured by most countries, including Germany, is Wim Duisenberg, the Dutchman who heads the bank's forerunner, the European Monetary Institute. France's candidate is Jean-Claude Trichet, governor of the

Bank of France. London is far cooler than Bonn about the prospect of the matter.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Gordon Brown, stressed last week that legally the choice of a head for the ECB board need not be until July.

Two main theories are being put forward to explain this fracas.

The first is that the French are holding out until the last minute, and then will settle for another plump post.

The second theory is that the French just want to stop Mr Duisenberg, preferring a more emotive figure who understands that France's high unemployment requires a certain generosity with the money supply.

The Germans, about to face an electorate fearful for the fate of its cherished mark, believe that sound money comes first.

Mr Blair has three main options. He can insist on the matter being deferred to the EU Cardiff summit in June, so that this weekend's big launch of the euro goes as smoothly as an Oscar ceremony.

He can try to find a compromise candidate, such as Luxembourg's prime minister, Jean-Claude Juncker.

Or he can try the King Solomon compromise, splitting the job in half, with four years for the Dutchman followed by four years for the Frenchman.

The Dutch central bank president, Nout Welling, argued yesterday that dividing the term would be "an extraordinary threat" to ECB continuity, and would leave every post open to negotiation. Such a compromise would also be illegal under the Maastricht treaty.

There could be a gentleman's agreement under which Mr Duisenberg discreetly promises to step down in 2002, though this would simply defer the markets' fever about replacements and policy changes and political influence.

Countdown confrontation begins as U enrages Iraq

Black
Dramatic Editor

IRAQIS celebrated Saddam Hussein's birthday yesterday as the world began to feel the sanctions over the UN Security Council's demand that Iraq must withdraw its troops from Kuwait. The UN Security Council's demand was issued after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in August 1990.

Both sides have been warned that the 11th-hour deadline for the UN Security Council's demand is fast approaching. The UN Security Council's demand was issued after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in August 1990.

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Living with the euro

But the UK is right to wait

IT IS surprising how long it has taken for people to realise that even though Britain is not joining the European Monetary Union in the first wave, we will nevertheless be faced with the prospect of the euro starting to circulate in Britain of its own accord. The Treasury Select Committee did a service to draw attention to this and other aspects of EMU in its latest report released yesterday. Life won't be the same again after this weekend when the 11 founder members of the monetary union will decide among other things the exchange rates at which their currencies will irrevocably join together. The euro has arrived despite all the woe of predictions as recently as 15 months ago that it wouldn't happen. The question now is how far it will infiltrate across the channel and whether its early track record will hasten or retard Britain's own entry. Big companies and financial institutions are already swinging over to the euro in a big way out of self-interest.

Pilkington, the glass company, told MPs it was converting all its systems to using the euro because it would eliminate differences in production costs in different European plants. ICI said that euro cash would spread throughout the economy and Siemens added that even if Britain did not join the single currency, "the euro will come through the back door" because companies and people who are paid in euros will want to spend them in the UK. Sainsbury's says that just as it accepts Irish Pounds in its stores in Northern Ireland, so it will accept

all types of European payments from 2002 (when euro notes and coins start to circulate). Suddenly, there's no need to cash surplus foreign currency when you return from that European holiday.

Members of the public will find it in their self-interest to think in terms of the euro because it will enable them to locate places in Europe where prices (henceforth denominated in the same currency) are cheaper. But the degree to which they take out euro savings deposits, notes and coins, mortgages — or even have their wages paid in euros — will depend on relative inflation rates between the UK and Euroland and the extent to which the Government encourages circulation of the euro as a second currency. One practical factor which will slow the march of the euro is that scarce computer staff will be so tied up with trying to solve the millennium bug that they may not have the resources to convert other systems to the euro.

MPs were right to point out that there could be a cost to not joining the euro if things go wrong for us (as much as 1 per cent of GDP by 2005) and that a true evaluation of the "success" of monetary union will take at least five years because of the need to study the effects over a full business cycle. This is much longer than the political timetable that Tony Blair and Gordon Brown have in mind. Equally there is a potentially lethal cost if Britain joined a monetary union which went wrong because (say) European interest rates had to be kept high to stop inflation in France and Germany while the UK economy needed low interest rates to pull it out of recession and high unemployment. Since the potential risks are so high and because (unlike the rest of the EU) there is no big political momentum in the UK for early entry, Britain's decision to watch and wait is the

right one. Let companies and individuals decide to accept the euro or not. The nation can make a collective decision later.

Vintage Paddy

The Lib Dems are a driving force

THIS IS Tony Blair's week as he marks his first year at the summit of British politics. But others should also be marking the anniversary of the May 1 earthquake.

After the Prime Minister, few politicians can reflect on these last 12 months with greater satisfaction than Mr Ashdown. There are rumbles of dissent — most notably from Charles Kennedy — but these should not be taken too seriously. Ambitious MPs always like to put down markers. But Mr Ashdown is in strong command, heading a Liberal Democrat party that is getting results.

The Ashdown strategy of co-operation where possible, obstruction where necessary has already borne more fruit for the Lib Dems in a year than they gathered in decades of struggle. The plum of proportional representation has moved from a marginal obsession to a genuine possibility. A Liberal Democrat, Roy Jenkins, chairs a commission on electoral reform which is likely to recommend a form of PR for the House of Commons. PR is already promised in Scotland, Wales and London as well as in next year's elections to the European Parliament. Lib Dem passions — like devolution itself, the incorporation of the European Convention on Human Rights and a freedom of information act — have become policy. And, to crown it all, the party has seats around the Cabinet table, with places on the committee on constitutional change. Paddy Ashdown likes to joke that the Lib

Dems have effectively staged a reverse takeover of the Labour party.

So much for the "constructive", but what about the "opposition"? Here, too, Liberal Democrats can pat themselves on the back. Malcolm Bruce, not Peter Lilley, pointed out the flaws in Gordon Brown's first budget; they, not the Tories, led the charge against the Government's most unpopular policy: the cut in lone parents' benefit.

More deeply, "constructive opposition" may be more than smart strategy. It could be, as Mr Ashdown boasts, a happy fit with Britain's "new politics". Instead of the punch-and-judy of the past, a new, less partisan, more solution-oriented form of national debate. He is convinced that what voters want to see are their politicians working together. Charles Kennedy and others worry that such co-operation is forcing Lib Dems to pull their punches, swallowing them up into the grand New Labour coalition. Eventually, fears Mr Kennedy, voters will have no reason to vote for them at all.

Who is right will not be certain until the next election. If it's fought the way they want it — on a PR system — they are bound to do well. If it's not, and they keep cheering Mr Blair, they may struggle to keep their 46 seats. But such worries are a fair way off. For now, they should stick with the strategy that has served them so well: they are beginning to make some of their dreams come true.

Normal service

Or so MPs like to pretend

WHY is it news when a prominent politician does something normal, like getting on a tube train, riding a bike, shopping, or

eating fast food? The answer is that such occasions are a curious test of authenticity. Pulling them off takes nerve and style. Fumbling such affairs can be a political disaster. President Bush's innocent surprise when a supermarket clerk checked his "purchases" with an electronic reader turned a photo-opportunity into an unscripted pantomime. Bush showed himself to be an ordinary multi-millionaire rather than an ordinary man, which some people found rather sweet but more found irritating.

Britain's new Conservative leader, William Hague, has made several excursions into the land of normality, most famously in a baseball cap and yesterday on the London Underground. Mr Hague's problem is not a lack of sincerity. He comes from a perfectly ordinary background and may well enjoy such activities as whooshing down a swimming pool chute, or even travelling on the tube. But he is too obviously clever, too fascinated by political lore, and, in a word, too odd, to come over well in contrived "normal" roles or in the headgear described by the American scholar Paul Fussell as a "prole cap". It is now widely known that Winston Churchill and Harold Wilson shared a taste for brandy and cigars, but the latter always took care to appear in public with a pipe and a pint. He got away with that, while Churchill was honoured by a whole line in the spoof version of The Red Flag ("We'll make Winston Churchill smoke a Woodbine every day"). Back to the tube, on which Denis Healey genuinely travelled to Westminster during Labour's years in opposition. Asked by an elderly lady why he was using such plebeian transport, old beetle browsed supposedly replied: "It's because you kicked me out, my dear." So Mr Hague is in good company.

Letters to the Editor

Cancer, Clinton and the Quiz

HOW convenient for smokers that modern medicine has found a way of reducing their risk of developing cancer (Cancer 'Key gene discovery', April 28). How will the new gene pill be marketed — one in every pack of 20? And I wonder which large industry will fund the research? Michael Bond, Luton, Beds.

KEN Norman (Letters, April 25) accuses me of sneering at those who wish to help Louise Woodward (Letters, April 23). The only sneering attitude is that of assuming that every Briton arrested for a crime abroad is innocent, and that every foreigner arrested for a crime in Britain is guilty. The lack of public support for Louise Nicole Sullivan proves this point. Gerard Friel, Dumbartonshire.

JOHN Dean is wrong in suggesting that the "Black and Jew" were the same person. Joey Bishop (Joseph Abraham Gottlieb) was a member of the Rat Pack for much longer than Peter Lawford (Letters, April 28). And, anyway, Dino was much prettier than Rock Hudson. Sue Hornby, Southport, Merseyside.

IS IT true that a poster on a Birmingham bus shelter bears the legend: "Take your dentures out. Marge, Bill Clinton is coming to town." Steve Elliot, London.

WHERE is the Quiz?? What have you done with the Quiz?? Chris Lovelock, Horley, Surrey. (Marcel Berlins' Quiz and Chris Mastanka's Brain Waves are now in Weekend Sport — Ed.)

In defence of Mary Bell

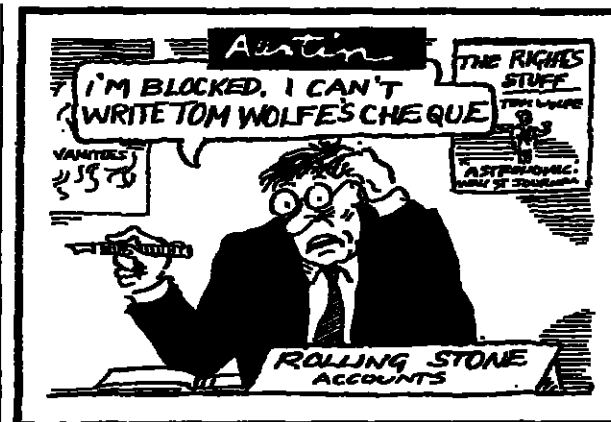
MARY Bell committed a terrible crime when she was 11. She was tried and sentenced, and her case has suggested — as we believe in our legal system, then we have to accept that, from the moment she left prison, Mary Bell had exactly the same rights and obligations as everybody else (Mary Bell memoir shows lack of remorse, April 28). She has paid her debt to society. If she received money for her collaboration in Gitta Sereny's book, Crises Unheard, she has not broken the law. If it is immoral for Mary Bell to be paid and — as the mother of one of the victims has suggested — she should give her earnings to charity, it is moral for generals or admirals, who have been paid excellent salaries and received substantial perks during their careers, to earn a great deal of money by telling us about wars they conducted and keep it, rather than give it to the British Legion? As a free citizen, Mary Bell should be entitled to do exactly what any other free citizen

can do — and that includes being paid for talking about her life if people want to read about it. Whether she should or shouldn't discuss her past as a matter of respect towards her victims' families is a matter for her and her conscience, not the law. The real issue is the conflict between law, that must be rational, and public emotion, which is not. It is sad to see the Home Secretary and the Prime Minister so eager to respond to the latter. Tom Hackwood, London.

IT IS RIGHT Gitta Sereny's book should be written to illustrate how a child killer is created, what social factors were there to induce a child to such deviant behaviour. Society should be made aware that children such as Mary Bell and the Bulger murderers are victims themselves of abusive surroundings, neglect, and exposure to stimulus which was traumatic to them, and then society can watch for the signs in order to prevent further similar events. Mary Bell has been pun-

ished and probably scarred herself from the reaction, so the problem left is, should she take the profits? I think if she was seen to donate any profits to a research body or a charity for the relatives of the deceased, this would have a better effect on the public. I cannot believe a child is born evil or that a child is genetically predisposed to evil. Understanding the root cause is the only way forward. The way she has lived since her incarceration is also important. Angela McManna, London.

HOW can two murders followed by 12 years in prison and then 18 blameless years constitute "a life of crime"? How can payments for a book describing those 18 blameless years be described as "assets from a life of crime"? How can Jack Straw contemplate bending the law so it will harm Mary Bell and her daughter simply to appease those who will never be appeased? Michael Catry, Stevenage.



Chapter and verse on first editions

BEFORE your readers rush to their copy of The English Patient and assume it is a first edition worth £250, a warning should apply (Seen the film but will you seek the book? Jobs and Money, April 26). It is only the first impression (ie first print run from the set up type) that is of interest to collectors. Any references to a later impression devalue the book. Modern publishers use a peculiar numbering system to indicate the impression. On the page where the publishing details are printed there will be a series of numbers (1 3 5 7 9 10 6 4 2). Only if the "1" is present

is the book a first impression. Another field of interest to collectors of modern firsts is crime novels, where the same rules apply: first novels have low print runs and high subsequent value. A classic example is Minette Walters' first novel The Ice House (2500-plus) partly fuelled by the TV series. Lindsay Davis's first Falco novel, The Silver Pige, has a similar premium even without a TV adaptation. Of course, fashion and supply and demand dominate and a scarce book no one wants is valueless. Dave Garnett, Cardiff.

Why I can't be philosophical about Shell's involvement

ON A forthcoming visit to England I had agreed to speak at the Centre for Philosophical Studies at King's College, London. Some weeks later I was disturbed to be told that my lecture was being advertised as supported by Shell UK Ltd. No mention of this funding had been made to me before I accepted the invitation. In view of Shell's appalling record of environmental damage, its lack of respect for the rights of the Ogoni people of the Niger delta, from whose land it takes much of its oil, and its involvement with the Nigerian military regime, responsible for the deaths of Ogoni protesters, including the playwright Ken Saro Wiwa, I was not willing to receive support from any Shell company. I have therefore withdrawn my acceptance of the original invitation. I have been told that cuts to government funding have made it difficult for British

universities to function without seeking money from business. If this is true, it is surely something to deplore. No matter how much a university may protest that money comes with no strings attached, when a centre for philosophy becomes dependent on funding from a corporation like Shell, there is a real danger that the nature of the funding could have an influence, consciously or not, on the activities of philosophers in the centre. Even if this does not occur, the distinction between a truly independent academic and a hired researcher has been blurred, and the prestige of the university in general and its philosophers in particular has been captured by a corporation of dubious ethical standing. Peter Singer, Centre for Human Bioethics, Monash University, Clayton, Victoria.

Hysteria over HIV helps no one

SO here we are again. First, there is no need for the hysteria being whipped up against health workers who have HIV (Mothers alarmed at HIV positive midwife, April 16). There is no recorded evidence of transmission of HIV from health worker to patient in this country. Second, there is no point in compulsory HIV testing (HIV tests urged for pregnant women, April 26). HIV may develop between tests being taken, and the costs of testing everyone are massive. Calls for compulsory testing simply drive people away from services. The focus on the unborn

child never seems to include support for the HIV positive mother; having a test is not giving a cure. Third, it is wrong, counter-productive and unworkable to make HIV transmission a crime (Jail for woman who spread Aids, April 26). The understandable anger of someone who has become HIV positive is not a good reason for a bad law which affects everyone. People must not be deterred from voluntary testing and treatment. What good is served by imprisoning someone with a life-threatening illness? What we need is effective

and accurate health education about HIV — we all need to know in everyday language the routes of transmission and the nature of the disease — and we need appropriate treatment and care for people with HIV. The atmosphere generated by the climate of witch-hunting puts more people at risk than anyone who is HIV positive — midwife or mother. Dr John Nicholson, Director, George House Trust, Manchester. We do not publish letters where only an e-mail address is supplied; please include a full postal address. We may edit letters. The Country Diary is on page 10.

Rwanda rights

MARK Lattimer of Amnesty International (Letters, April 27) is wrong to suggest that defence witnesses in Rwanda were frequently intimidated. Mobile brigades of investigations have been set up purely to solve problems of those who could have been arrested arbitrarily. I hope that now Mr Lattimer is convinced that people like Joseph Ruyenzi are not political prisoners as Amnesty had let people believe. I am how-

ever comforted that he is campaigning to bring those who committed genocide to justice. I hope that this campaign extends to those hiding in the Vatican, Paris, Brussels and Nairobi. I would also like to assure Soussa Jamba that the justice system in Rwanda is independent of Rwandan leaders and that punishing those who committed genocide is not savagery but real justice. Dr Zee Ndagwa, Ambassador, Embassy of Rwanda, London.

Israel and what not



WHEN people turn 50, they often get an urge to prove they can still do things they did in their youth. Some men do this by having an affair with a younger woman. Israel does it by building a settlement. Just to prove it can still manage it. Yet when Robin Cook tried mildly to draw attention to this by suggesting he visit a

Palestinian area, he was declared to have made a gaffe. At first an official probably whispered to him: "Look Robin, if you really want to see that bit of land, just come back next year. It'll be Israeli by then." The condemnation of Cook has proved that Israel is considered beyond criticism, like a king in a medieval court. When Cook made his slightly critical remarks, it was as if everybody gasped, there were a few seconds of stunned silence and then an old man in a cloak bellowed: "Woe, for the ginger one has spoken ill of he who must be obeyed." Yet any honest speech made at the birthday party would have to admit it hasn't been the most pleasant 50 years. It would have to acknowledge that the birth itself had complications, with the midwife having to massacre entire villages before the delivery could be made. That shortly afterwards 700,000 Arabs

were driven off their land, which must be the worst ever case of the terrible two. That at the age of 19 like any strappy teenager, it wasn't happy being stuck at home, so moved into illegally occupied territories. That, like most people in their thirties it began to feel the need for privacy, so kept quiet about building a pile of nuclear weapons. And that as it approached 50 it became less tolerant of noise from the neighbours, so demolished their houses. If the West was consistent, there'd be boycotts of their oranges, their dissidents would be hailed as heroes and The Sun would scream that they were smuggling anthrax into Britain in bags. Obviously the reason most people feel reticent about criticising Israel is the tragic history of the Jews which preceded its birth. Though of all people why should the Palestinians be to blame? If Israel

had attacked England or the US for refusing to accept refugees from Nazi Germany, or bulldozed Catholic churches for collaborating with Hitler, you couldn't grumble. But there's little evidence that Hitler was an Arab. INSTEAD Israel owes its very existence to the US, which funded and armed it as its policeman in the Middle East. Though America's dilemma is that sometimes its hard man gets out of control, like Sonny in The Godfather. Occasionally Saddam shouts "asshole", and Israel's out there with a baseball bat while America pleads: "Cool it. This is business, not personal." Other past friends include apartheid South Africa, and the military regimes of Chile and Argentina. For Zionism derives not from resistance to anti-Semitism, but accepting it as inevitable, so building a homeland which is the tool of

a superpower. Which means being friendly with the boss's allies. It also means allowing no possibility of the people you displace having any rights. So the sort of Palestinian state which could be offered was described by the Israeli Labour Party as "a state without might, but with a flag and stamps and what not". Not even an entry in the Eurovision Song Contest. Unless that's included in the what not. Besides, is there any point to a Palestinian postal service? More often than not the postmen would take the letter to the address on the envelope, and find out the street's been knocked down. Not even that is on offer from Netanyahu though, dedicated to the prevention of peace. Instead he's refusing to hand back 19 per cent of the occupied territories, in return for a Palestinian commitment to control their own militants. Which doesn't seem a

bad offer. If you were caught burgling someone's house and they offered to keep quiet if you gave them back 19 per cent of the stuff, it would be quite cocky to shout "And what do I get out this?" Which is why peace will need more than Tony Blair's magical advice for "each side to give a little". Anyway, Blair's advice on how to deal with Islamic teenagers shouting abuse at soldiers will probably be to name and shame their school, and set them an extra 40 minutes a night homework. Instead, if he wants to commemorate Israel's birthday he should just send it one of those jokey cards with a picture on the front of some youths chucking rubble at a tank. And written above it: "Here's some Hamas militants for your 50th birthday." Then inside: "Because at your age it's the only thing you'll see looking hard and rising up."



Big notes will make it
tomorrow: Birmingham

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

عبرنا من الاصل

Wednesday April 29 1998

Big notes will make euro the currency for criminals, page 12
Tomorrow: Birmingham Midshires chiefs quizzed

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Finance Guardian

11

Bus firms face court

Dan Atkinson and Keith Harper

ALLEGATIONS of price-rigging and secret deals to carve up routes by 10 bus firms are to go before the restrictive practices court after a two-year investigation by the Office of Fair Trading. The court will be asked to rule the deals against the public interest and to prohibit them.

likely to have resulted in higher fares. Among those claimed to be victims were children taking off-peak journeys in Liverpool and the Wirral. The biggest company in the alleged cartel — Merseyside Transport Limited — has already effectively admitted that it was involved in the alleged price-rigging and secret deals. The company has said it is willing to promise the court that these agreements will cease.

MTL, which is owned by 2,000 bus workers, has postponed a flotation because of the OFT's investigation and the forthcoming transport white paper. The market-fixing claimed

by the OFT is said to have taken place in Merseyside and Greater Manchester from 1995 onwards. The OFT added that it was impossible to put a figure on the extra fares paid by people in the region or to calculate the extent to which they were offered poorer service because of the absence of competition. A tip-off to the OFT's new cartels task force triggered the inquiry in 1995. The task force was set up to gather information on cartel operations and has a dedicated telephone hot-line. It is open to those brought before the restrictive practices court both to deny that

such agreements exist or to argue that the court ought to accept them as being in the public interest. Among the agreements cited by the OFT are:

- Deals in 1995 involving Merseyside Transport with Greater Manchester Buses North and Greater Manchester Buses South, under which the Merseyside firm agreed to pull out of Manchester and the Manchester operators to quit Merseyside;
- Separate deals involving Merseyside Transport with each of South Lancashire Transport, David Tanner Transport, and Wip-On Transport at the end of 1995 and begin-

ing of 1996, whereby the Merseyside operator pulled out of certain St Helens routes in return for the others pulling out of other routes;

- A deal at the end of 1996 between Merseyside Transport and North Western Road Car Company, under which both prices and service frequencies were carved up;
- A series of agreements in 1996, among Merseyside Transport, North Western Road Car, C&M Travel, South Lancashire Transport and Hulton Borough Transport relating to fares for children's off-peak journeys in the Liverpool area and to two and three-mile commercial ser-

Notebook

Trade blow takes toll of Brown plan



Alex Brummer

THE March trade figure is the most ominous place of economic data since Labour came to power a year ago. It was inevitable that the long period of an overvalued pound together with the collapse of the East Asian economies would eventually take their toll both on the trade balance and output, but the downward adjustment threatens to be much more sudden than the Treasury expected. If this were not enough, the message from exporters, as surveyed by the CBI, is equally disastrous, showing optimism among exporters falling to an 18-year low, a downturn only matched by overall business confidence. As always, any month's figures can give a false reading. Nevertheless, the underlying picture for trade in goods has, in any case, been worsening. In February the deficit was £2.2 billion, which is more than twice as much as in January. Normally it can be expected that the booming services sector will repair some of the damage. But the overall trade balance, including services, shows an even worse picture, with the deficit more than tripling from £561 million to £1.7 billion. All this is in line with the worsening of the current account predicted by the IMF, which forecast a deficit of £16 billion (£9.8 billion) this year.

even the world's favourite airline belonged to the Government, Britain's promotional bus services were privatised. Given the dismal record since then of market-rigging and predatory pricing, it is difficult to see why anybody bothered to do so. Hardly a year has gone by without an Office of Fair Trading probe into uncompetitive behaviour by the heirs of Blakey, Butler and others from On the Buses. To be fair, some of the inquiries have turned up nothing. But far too many have uncovered malpractice. It appears sometimes that our new breed of bus tycoons seems to divide its working hours equally between trying to drive each other off the road with predatory fares and cosy up to carve up routes and prices. Perhaps they are trying to reconstruct those once-despised public bodies, the passenger-transport executives — with appropriate private-sector rewards for managers, naturally. Yesterday's OFT reference of a number of alleged market-rigging deals (none proved as yet) to the Restrictive Practices Court may seem merely the latest depressing chapter in the OFT's attempts to referee the bus types. In fact, it ought to be one of the last of its kind — whatever the outcome. Once the Competition Bill passes into law, the OFT will be able to levy the sort of penalty fares beloved of public transport operators — up to 10 per cent of turnover — in cases of anti-competitive behaviour. That will make even Private Bus think twice.

Shareholders told chief executive's £2.4m pay is worth every penny

SB forced to defend Leschly's pay to investors

Julia Finch

SMITHKLINE Beecham chairman Sir Peter Walters yesterday told shareholders his chief executive, Jan Leschly, was worth every penny of his £2.4 million annual pay package and £20 million of share options. "We pay for performance," he explained to 750 investors who attended the drug group's annual meeting at London's Barbican. "The total emoluments of all our executives are linked to what they achieve, and they are very demanding targets."

"are not consistent with Glaxo Wellcome's actions at the time," he said. SmithKline's agm came two days after Sir Richard signalled he had not yet given up hope that the £100 billion merger could still go ahead, but that "circumstances would have to change", implying that Mr Leschly would have to be removed from SB. Mr Leschly told shareholders that SmithKline had a bright future as an independent company. "Remember, Glaxo called us, we didn't call them," he told the meeting. Nevertheless he was "disappointed" that the merger fell through — as it could have produced "a great company". He ruled out, however, a merger with Zeneca, saying it was too expensive. Not all SmithKline shareholders were impressed with their board's explanations, however. "The chief executive says he is disappointed. He damn well ought to be. Some £13 billion was lost when this merger failed and that is a disgrace," one told the directors. Another pleaded with Mr Leschly: "Could you please take a little less money?"



Tough times for the rich

Dan Atkinson

IT WAS the year the Asian economic meltdown began, the year thousands of jobs were lost across continental Europe, the year of rising interest rates in Britain and belt-tightening from Spain to eastern Germany in preparation for monetary union. Yes, 1997 spelled toil and trouble for all those engaged in the world economy. Well, for not quite all. For perhaps eight million people — about 0.1 per cent of the human race — 1997 was a year of wine and roses. Or rather, another year of wine and roses. In 1996, they had to struggle along with personal wealth totalling a measly \$15.5 trillion — that is almost £10 thousand billion. In 1997 — despite the economic and market turmoil — this increased to a respectable \$17.4 trillion.

What's \$17,400,000,000,000, or in about the same ballpark, £1,300,000 a head. Chubbing together, they could fund HM Government for 34 years. Investment bank Merrill Lynch, with management consultant Gemini, has been watching the world's dollar millionaires, now known as "high net worth individuals" (HNWIs) — a pool of between six and eight million people who can "show" at least \$1 million in liquid assets. The Merrill-Gemini 1996 World Wealth Report shows that not only are the rich getting richer, they are set to get richer still. In Europe, for example, "the market will be further boosted by inheritance money and equity releases from the businesses of European entrepreneurs."

Biotech rush **I**T LOOKS as if British Biotech is finally facing up to its serious situation as a result of the allegations made by its estranged head of clinical research, Andrew Miller. With the company's share price under pressure and institutional shareholders increasingly wary of a company which has lost a whole layer of top management in a relatively short time, it is now promising to complete its rebuttal of Dr Miller's allegations by May 15 — when it plays host to investors on its research and development day. Although much of what Dr Miller has had to say is worrying and the alleged share dealings of chief executive Keith McCullagh are no doubt worth a closer look, not all of it makes sense. His call for an interim review of data relating to large scale trials of Zalcator, the drug being developed against acute pancreatitis, is not seen as the best way forward by big shareholders. It could slow down development of the drug, require the trials to be rebased and be costly when cash is running short. What British Biotech and Mr McCullagh need to do is convince investors that their procedures are watertight and their management is up to the job of running a research-based public company. Otherwise they will be swallowed, like Fisons, in the blink of an eye.



Chairman Sir Peter Walters

Not all SmithKline shareholders were impressed with their board's explanations, however. "The chief executive says he is disappointed. He damn well ought to be. Some £13 billion was lost when this merger failed and that is a disgrace," one told the directors. Another pleaded with Mr Leschly: "Could you please take a little less money?"

AMERICA'S C200 committee of high-powered and highly-paid top businesswomen is to launch a UK branch. The committee, which has 370 members, has invited 40 of Britain's "most powerful and successful businesswomen" to an inaugural meeting at the London Business School tomorrow where Christie Heffer

(above), the chief executive of Playboy Enterprises, best known for its raunchy cat-frolics and Bunny Girls, will speak. US businesswomen are way ahead of their UK counterparts. One in ten top US executives are now women. Those at the London launch will be corporate executives managing div-

isions with a turnover of at least £18 million or entrepreneurs whose businesses generate annual revenue of at least £6 million. Based in Chicago, C200 was founded 15 years ago and aims to provide women with the equivalent of the traditional "old boys' network" including inspiration and support. PHOTOGRAPH: WARREN JOHNSON

Bus wars

BACK in the mid-1980s, when water and power privatisation were mere gleams in a think-tanker's eye, when there was no Connex South Central and when

Sales leap at BSE-test stores

Roger Cowe

KITEMARK organisation the British Standards Institution took its first step yesterday towards becoming a multinational public company. After gaining the privy council's approval for crucial changes in its royal charter, the BSI borrowed £26 million to help finance the £26.5 million acquisition of international inspection and testing company Inspectorate. Under the original charter, granted in 1929, the BSI was not allowed to either borrow or make acquisitions. But it has developed commercial activities implementing quality standards and testing and certifying products ranging from

kettles to condoms. These moneymaking ventures now bring in three times as much money as new standards for industry. Yesterday's deal will double the size of the BSI's commercial operations, but chief executive Keith Tozzi yesterday said this was still not big enough to be internationally competitive. He set a target of two more acquisitions over the next year, which is likely to involve BSI converting to a public company so that shares can be used to finance the purchases. "We need to triple our size," he said. "It is quite clear that we have to decide how we are going to finance expansion. Flotation is a possibility, but we have not made a decision on that yet."

News in brief

Bysses takes over at Vickers

Paul Bysses, who received a £1.4 million compensation package when he quit BTR earlier this year, has been appointed chief executive of Vickers, the defence and motor group currently selling its Rolls-Royce and Bentley luxury car business. He takes over from Sir Colin Chandler, who remains chairman of Vickers. The appointment was announced on the eve of the Vickers agm, which is expected to be a rowdy affair with Rolls-Royce car enthusiasts complaining about the car firm's imminent sale to a German group. Selfridges suffers Selfridges and Freemans, which will be floated off as

separate companies later this year, were among Sears' subsidiaries which reported lower profits yesterday. Operating profit at Selfridges fell by a third to £23 million. The result from the flagship store on London's Regent Street was lower largely as a result of poor Christmas trading. Sales continue to trail behind last year's figures. Accountants link-up European Union anti-trust regulators will clear the merger of Price Waterhouse and Coopers & Lybrand LLP after representatives from the 15 EU countries voted in favour, a spokesman said yesterday. Friday's majority vote by a committee of national competition officials removed the last hurdle to EU approval for creation of the world's biggest accounting firm.

Kitemark to fly in the world market

Standards agency nurses business ambitions, reports ROGER COWE

KITEMARK organisation the British Standards Institution took its first step yesterday towards becoming a multinational public company. After gaining the privy council's approval last week for crucial changes in its royal charter, the BSI borrowed £26 million to help finance the £26.5 million acquisition of international inspection and testing company Inspectorate. Under the original charter, granted in 1929, the BSI was not allowed either to borrow or make acquisitions. But it has developed commercial activities implementing quality

standards, such as BSI 5750, testing and certifying products from kettles to condoms. These ventures now bring in three times as much money as developing new standards for industry. Yesterday's deal will double the size of the BSI's commercial operations, but chief executive Keith Tozzi yesterday said this was still not big enough to be internationally competitive. He set a target of two more acquisitions over the next year, which is likely to involve BSI converting to a public company so that shares can be used to finance the purchases. "We need to triple our

size," he said. "I would be very disappointed if, over the next 12 months, we hadn't picked up another two businesses. It is quite clear that we are going to finance expansion. Flotation is a possibility, but we have not made a decision on that yet." Neither managers nor the BSI's 22,000 corporate members would be in line for windfall gains on flotation. The organisation was established by the engineering profession in 1901 to develop common standards — initially for the railways. But it is a "charter body" with no shareholders, so the BSI's proceeds would go straight to the BSI's coffers. Mr Tozzi, a former technical director of Southern Water, dismisses those critics

who argue that greater commercialisation will endanger the basic task of standard-setting. He cited a 97 per cent majority at this year's members' meeting in favour of such a strategy. He wants additional funds to buy businesses in North America and Asia. "We find increasingly that our competitors are between two and three times our size and that our customers are multinationals. Many of them want to buy quality services around the world from a single supplier. "Inspectorate is a very important acquisition because it moves us from being solely a British-based business to one that really has with global opportunity. But we need further activities in the Americas and China or Japan."

TOURIST RATES — BANK SELL

Australia 2.58	Germany 2.9181	Malaysia 6.28	Singapore 2.81
Austria 20.48	Greece 518.88	Malta 0.5385	South Africa 3.22
Belgium 10.15	Hong Kong 12.80	Netherlands 3.2822	Spain 165.93
Canada 2.340	India 66.37	Norway 2.85	Sweden 12.94
Cyprus 0.8581	Ireland 1.1595	New Zealand 2.13	Switzerland 2.42
Denmark 11.16	Israel 8.17	Portugal 288.34	Turkey 397.050
Finland 5.74	Italy 2.899	Saudi Arabia 6.17	USA 1.5968
France 6.74			

Supplied by NatWest (excluding rupee, shawl and mduh)

Racing

Evry opens its doors for Sheikh

SHEIKH MOHAMMED was yesterday given the go ahead by the racing authorities to launch a new racing course as a training centre for more than 100 two-year-olds next season.

At a meeting of the administration committee of the French Jockey Club, the French Jockey Club, the racing authorities, the Sheikh's five-year-old son, Prince Fahd, was given the go ahead to launch a new racing course as a training centre for more than 100 two-year-olds next season.

On top of that sum, VAT must be paid at 20.6 per cent and the whole deal will be in excess of £400,000.

Sheikh Mohammed has been given an option for a further five years, followed by a three-year option, and has been asked to ensure that the course and facilities are maintained to a high standard.

Simon Crisford, racing manager to the Sheikh's Godolphin arm, has given Cape Verdi a big vote of confidence for Sunday's Sagitta 1,000 Guineas at Newmarket.

Currently 5-2 favourite for the first filly's classic, Cape Verdi is bred to be more effective at middle distances than the French Derby winner, who was the favourite for the race.

"That's not a problem," he said. "She has shown us plenty and you find, generally speaking, that if an animal is going to be top class at a mile and a half they have a lot of speed as well."

Cape Verdi, who has been clocking times in her work to match those of the great filly Salanchine, who was short-handed in the Guineas before winning the Oaks and Irish Derby, will not be doing much in the lead-up to the race after flying in on Monday.

"All the horses will be taking it easy and will just have

a canter tomorrow morning to stretch their legs. They are very fit and do not need any more serious work," said Crisford, who added that a decision about Embassy's participation in the 1,000 will be made tomorrow. A decision will also be made then about which of three other entries will go to post with Central Park in the 2,000.

None of the Godolphin horses has yet been weighed to see how much they lost during the flight, but they have shown no signs of stress.

"They all seem to have taken the flight well, but it's much easier for horses to travel from hot to cold rather than the other way round — they adapt very quickly," explained Crisford.

John Reid has been handed the plumb ride aboard Tamarisk in the 2,000 Guineas. Roger Charlton moved swiftly yesterday to book the Ulsterman after announcing that the colt would run at Newmarket if ground conditions were suitable.

Walter Swinburn, due to ride Exclusive for Michael Stoute in the 1,000 Guineas, was in double form at Bath, winning on Peak Path and Speed On.

Stoute's Peak Path is entered in the Derby, but hardly looked up to that standard when scraping home by a neck in the maiden stakes.

On the first day of the PuncHESTOWN Festival, Tony McCoy worked the oracle on His Song, who gained revenge on his Cheltenham conqueror, French Ballerina, in the Country Drive Champion Novices Hurdle.



Whip hand... John Carroll drives Dispol Clan home in yesterday's Porchester Novice Median Auction Stakes at Nottingham

Ascot off but Sagaro Stakes saved

THE Ascot Flat meeting today has been abandoned because of waterlogging, but the Group Three Sagaro Stakes will be run at Newmarket on Friday.

Exeter will hold a 7.30 inspection this morning. Nick Ansell, clerk of the course, said yesterday: "We have had nearly eight inches of rain in the last month, with a third of an inch in just 40 minutes yesterday." But we

are a quick drying course and could certainly have raced today.

"However, more rain is forecast so we have decided to hold a precautionary inspection."

At Plumpton, Paul Deacon, clerk of the course, said: "We are perfectly raceable. The forecast is for sunshine and showers and I expect the going will be soft and heavy in places."

Plumpton (N.H.) with form

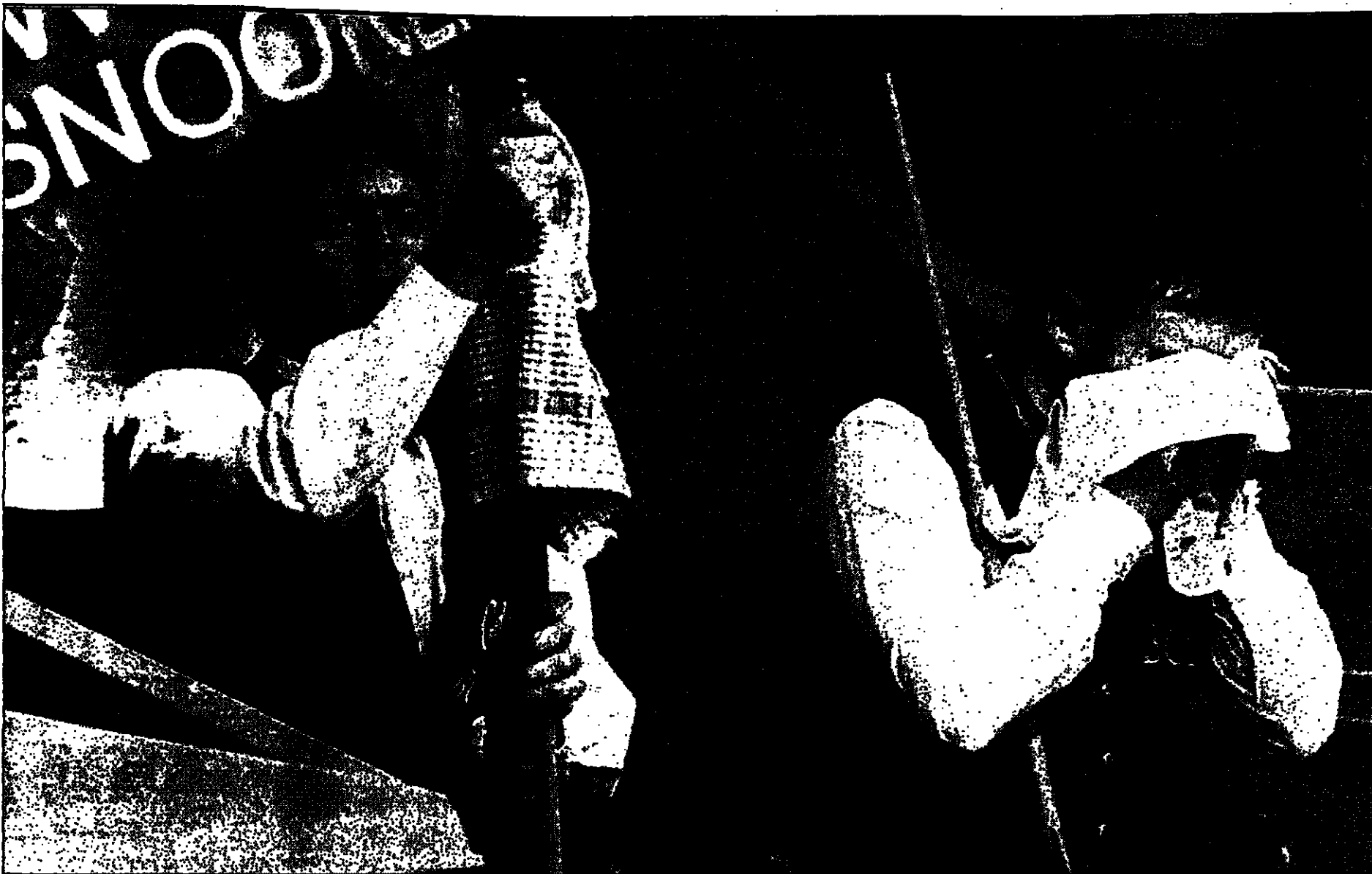
CHRIS HAWKINS	TOP FORM
2.10	Summery
2.45	August Twelfth
3.30	Goodwin
4.20	Stable Salt
4.55	Belmonte Neck

Left-handed circuit of 1m1f with 200yds run-in.

Long distance: 1.20m, 1.40m, 1.60m, 1.80m, 2.00m, 2.20m, 2.40m, 2.60m, 2.80m, 3.00m, 3.20m, 3.40m, 3.60m, 3.80m, 4.00m, 4.20m, 4.40m, 4.60m, 4.80m, 5.00m, 5.20m, 5.40m, 5.60m, 5.80m, 6.00m, 6.20m, 6.40m, 6.60m, 6.80m, 7.00m, 7.20m, 7.40m, 7.60m, 7.80m, 8.00m, 8.20m, 8.40m, 8.60m, 8.80m, 9.00m, 9.20m, 9.40m, 9.60m, 9.80m, 10.00m, 10.20m, 10.40m, 10.60m, 10.80m, 11.00m, 11.20m, 11.40m, 11.60m, 11.80m, 12.00m, 12.20m, 12.40m, 12.60m, 12.80m, 13.00m, 13.20m, 13.40m, 13.60m, 13.80m, 14.00m, 14.20m, 14.40m, 14.60m, 14.80m, 15.00m, 15.20m, 15.40m, 15.60m, 15.80m, 16.00m, 16.20m, 16.40m, 16.60m, 16.80m, 17.00m, 17.20m, 17.40m, 17.60m, 17.80m, 18.00m, 18.20m, 18.40m, 18.60m, 18.80m, 19.00m, 19.20m, 19.40m, 19.60m, 19.80m, 20.00m, 20.20m, 20.40m, 20.60m, 20.80m, 21.00m, 21.20m, 21.40m, 21.60m, 21.80m, 22.00m, 22.20m, 22.40m, 22.60m, 22.80m, 23.00m, 23.20m, 23.40m, 23.60m, 23.80m, 24.00m, 24.20m, 24.40m, 24.60m, 24.80m, 25.00m, 25.20m, 25.40m, 25.60m, 25.80m, 26.00m, 26.20m, 26.40m, 26.60m, 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SportsGuardian

Hard grind at The Crucible



An afternoon of errors draws the devil from the whirlwind

A paler shade of White... after surprising even his most loyal admirers with runaway wins over Stephen Hendry and Darren Morgan in the opening rounds of the world snooker championship, Jimmy White lost the plot at the Crucible Theatre. He mopes his face here during a disastrous quarter-final session against Ronnie O'Sullivan, who resumes 7-1 ahead today in the race to reach 13 frames. Clive Everton reports from Sheffield, page 13

PHOTOGRAPH: JOHN GILES

England face world rugby ban

The RFU has been ordered to a Dublin summit to spell out a battle plan to bring its upstart clubs into line, reports **Paul Rees**

ENGLAND have been expelled from world rugby union unless the militant clubs in the Premiership are brought to heel. The governing International Rugby Board has banned the 12 clubs in Premiership One, who have mounted a legal challenge to the IRB's rules and by-laws, from having any playing contact with its 82 member nations.

If the Rugby Football Union were expelled from the IRB, it would cost the English game tens of millions because England, who are due to stage matches in next year's World

Cup would be denied all international contact. The RFU has been ordered to attend a meeting of the board's executive committee in Dublin on May 18 to explain its position and how it intends to bring into line the leading clubs, who have prepared an application to be heard soon by the European Commission seeking to have certain powers devolved from unions to clubs.

The South African, Australian and New Zealand unions have been unimpressed with the threats of English clubs to stop their players going on England's tour of the southern hemisphere this summer and

have called for decisive action by the RFU, which has still to appoint a chief executive after the resignation of Tony Hallett eight months ago.

"The rugby world outside England finds it difficult to comprehend why the problems caused by a small group of individuals, whose declared intent is to destroy the existing governance of the game, have not been resolved," said the chairman of the Australian Rugby Union, Dick McGruther, who has been asked to chair the IRB's sufficient time to sort things out. We find it a cause of concern that the RFU is in discussion with clubs whose declared aims are so clearly and unequivocally contrary to the union's constitution and the IRB's position.

"It is time for the English union to start governing. This is no longer a purely

English dispute, it is affecting other countries and enough is enough."

Many of the elite clubs are owned and the benefactors, headed by Newcastle's Sir John Hall, have no time for protocol. Having pumped millions into club rugby, they argue that they should be allowed to do business by being allowed to organise the competitions they play in, principally the Premiership and the Heineken European Cup, rather than relying on the RFU for hand-outs.

The elite have demanded the two-division Premiership be expanded from 24 to 28 clubs; they have held talks with Welsh clubs about a joint competition, without the RFU's consent; and they are not willing to accept the IRB's by-law which gives unions the first call on players.

England's summer tour of

South Africa, New Zealand and Australia, which takes in four Test matches and is part of a television deal the three southern unions have signed with the Murdoch organisation, has been threatened by the potential non-availability of at least 12 players.

"The IRB's rules are there to be abided by," said the board's chairman Vernon Pugh, who last week warned the RFU it faced immediate expulsion if Cardiff, which is taking the Welsh Rugby Union to the High Court, were invited into the Premiership.

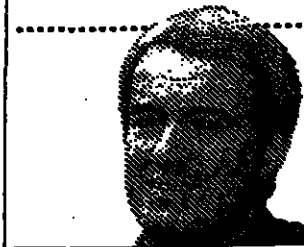
"The only mechanism for change is through the democratic process within the IRB. The major southern-hemisphere unions cannot understand why the RFU has allowed this problem to fester and, with the World Cup little more than a year away, wants things sorted out quickly."

"The board is not prepared to be dictated to by clubs. Our responsibility is to the game throughout the world, not just a small part of it, and our message to the RFU is simple: if you are not prepared to get a grip, we will. If it means expelling England from the IRB, and thereby the world game, so be it."

With so many Welsh, Irish and Scottish players contracted to Premiership clubs, the Celtic nations' summer tours are also being hit. "Scotland (who tour Australia) will be without five players, four from Newcastle," said Australia's McGruther, "and there are doubts about how many of the Ireland team will be going to South Africa. Only players who have medical clearance should be exempt from touring."

Robert Armstrong, page 15

Feeling faint and it's not the hemlock



Paul Weaver

THE national debate rages on. For my two-pennorth I think five is far too young to be introduced to something potentially so addictive and ruinous.

It can divide families, empty your pockets and destroy your health. Football, like drugs, can tip you over the edge. I have just been attempting to analyse England's World Cup chances and a drowsy numbness pains my senses, as though of hemlock I had drunk.

Just a few weeks ago the football people of these islands were discussing serious matters, such as whether England should play a flat back-four or three, with two wing-backs; now all the talk is of whether Glenn Hoddle is a football short of a penalty shoot-out. The World Cup has become a giggle-fest. And it will not stop there. What is going on?

Yesterday we were introduced to Mystic Greg. John Gregory, the Aston Villa manager, revealed his faith in the occult astrology in the *Daily Mirror* and how he makes regular visits to his clairvoyant in Leicester. Gregory, a Taurus, also consults his stars on a regular basis.

The same paper carried the sad little story of how the TV chat show host Judy Finnigan had consulted the England football team's faith healer Eileen Drewery over a sore knee and immediately twisted her ankle so badly that she was forced to go on air barefoot. "I'm in a lot of pain," she said.

Ted Dexter could have warned Hoddle. Dexter was brave and brilliant and if he had been an officer in the trenches you would have followed him with a fixed eye and a fistful of Brooke all the way to a posthumous VC. But once Dexter, as chairman of the England cricket selectors, started talking about planetary alignments he was, for a great many people, reduced to a babbling loon.

Personally, I do not care whether Hoddle has gone soft as a punctured Mitre. You can make a case for a number of the successful managers in football history being as mad

as Lear. It would, however, be reassuring if Hoddle had football at the forefront of his mind, and not how he might bend one round Uri Geller's defensive wall.

It would be nice, too, if the silenced Ms Drewery, whose ridiculous claims include one that she cured Paul Merson's drug problem in a single meeting and another that she asked God not to let Ian Wright score in the World Cup qualifying decider in Rome to avoid crowd trouble.

Until he does so we will have to endure the reality that England's World Cup campaign has been reduced to little more than a feeding station for stand-up comedians. And wherever Hoddle goes there will be the background noise of muffled chortles, those behind-the-hand sniggers and titters we normally associate with children at church or at picnics when Grandpa has trodden in the trifle.

At the moment he is making a turnip look like a most attractive rival for the job. There is another worry. Hoddle, and this is not difficult to understand, is showing signs of being even more stubborn and secretive than he normally is.

"I don't give two monkeys what anyone thinks," he says. "The only view that counts is mine." Being your own man is one thing. Not listening, like ostriches and Iron Ladies, is quite another. It is a weakness.

Those of us who do give two monkeys about the England football team, and how they might fare in France, are being drawn towards finding our own faith healers.

HODDLE and his helpers do not represent the only madness about. There is also a nice little story that Wimbledon Football Club, having, sadly, decided against moving to Dublin, are now looking in the direction of Hull. "This reminds me of a tale concerning that wonderful poet Philip Larkin, who should be played by Richard Wilson if they ever make a film of his life."

The marvellously miserable Larkin, the long-serving Hull librarian, was once questioned as to why he chose to live in the town.

He fixed his interrogator with a bleak eye and replied: "So I don't get bothered by the likes of you. Once journalists have found Hull on the map they decide that it's far too difficult to travel to and decide to go off and bother someone else."

Hull woos the wandering Dons

Martin Thorpe and Michael Walker report on a surprising development in the south London club's search for a new home

HAVING failed in their attempt to relocate in Dublin, Wimbledon's policy of trying any port in a storm could take them to Hull.

The chairman and owner of the Third Division's Hull City, David Lloyd, yesterday revealed that he has talked with Wimbledon's joint-owner Sam Hammam about the possibility of the Premiership side moving to Humberside and playing in a new 40,000-seat stadium, alongside City and Hull Sharks rugby league club, which the ambitious Lloyd also owns.

It would be a revolutionary move in which Lloyd would effectively be buying a Premiership place and taking football nearer the American franchise system. But it is a plan which could meet a need

for Wimbledon, who have been searching for their own home since leaving Plough Lane in their local borough of Merton to share Crystal Palace's Selhurst Park in 1991.

Recently Hammam said the club would wither and die unless it found its identity with a stadium of its own, encouraging bigger crowds and giving more commercial scope.

Hammam had been close to pulling off a move to Dublin until opposition from the Football Association of Ireland and Fifa forced him to reconsider the idea. There is also the possibility that Wimbledon could build a new stadium near Gatwick airport, but since the Dublin knock-back the club have been readjusting their sights.

"In my opinion, if we had

a team in Hull that was winning, the support would be fanatical," said Lloyd, who knows Hammam well. "That has been proved with the rugby this season. A stadium of 30-to-40,000 would fill every match."

"I'm looking at every avenue to achieve that. And though no decisions have been made or negotiations taken place, I have spoken to Sam on the phone. I told him I was sorry Dublin did not work out too well and asked him what his options are now."

Hammam was unavailable for comment yesterday

and Wimbledon's chief executive David Barnard was unwilling to say anything other than "our first priority is a return to Merton".

A proposal to move into the greyhound stadium next door to Plough Lane was recently knocked back by Hammam as being too impractical. But there is real hope at the club that after the May local elections the Labour-run Merton council will feel free to put its weight behind Wimbledon "going home".

Certainly the Premier League and the Football League have nothing in their rulebooks to prevent Wimbledon moving to Hull, though the matter would

have to be approved by a vote of clubs.

However, it is too early to say how any proposed move would be structured — would Wimbledon change their name, for instance — but Lloyd stressed that he did not want to merge Wimbledon with struggling Hull City. "I want Hull City to remain as a football club."

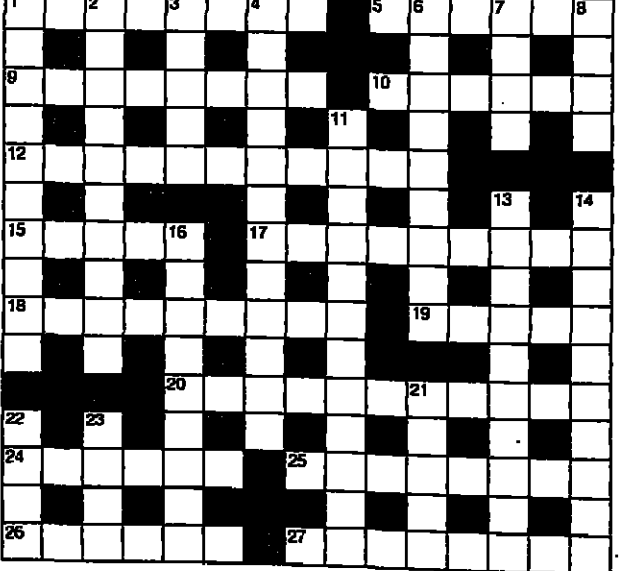
The idea of a move to Hull is opposed by the Wimbledon fans. Xavier Wiggins of the Independent Supporters' Association said: "People think they can buy this Premiership franchise that is Wimbledon and transfer it and be successful. The whole thing would be an insult."

However, the idea of a club moving abroad is about to become a reality. The Scottish club Clydebank are close to finalising a deal which will see them playing in Dublin next season. And that could provide the precedent others might want to take advantage of.

'If we had a team in Hull that was winning, the support would be fanatical' — David Lloyd

Guardian Crossword No 21,261

Set by Buntthorne



Across

- 1 British lion has ceded sole protection (8)
- 5 Silver plate a splendid backing for one of Canova's trio (6)
- 9 Independence worth its weight in gold. O, My! (6)
- 10 See 12
- 12, 19 Tin beaks once might crack any roost chestnut, right? (3,8,6)
- 15 Substantial worthy licence-holder (5)
- 17 Vis-à-vis Carl, who composed "English Volcano" without reflection (9)
- 18 So Rassenfyll was to face king in a lie (4-5)
- 19 Swelling journalist with English degree (5)
- 20 "Lil No smoking" confounded mine proprietor (4,7)
- 24 Wreck left in the bay (6)

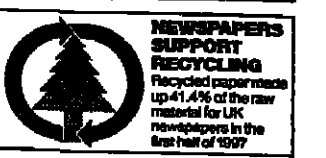
Down

- 2 "Some do it with a —" (Wide's draughtly air?) (6,4)
- 3 Tuber a number found in a furrow (5)
- 4 Jeremiah's mental torture at the destruction of Sion (12)
- 6 Junk room left in bloody mess (5,4)
- 7 Original articles going out in a blaze of glory (4)
- 8 A capital band too (4)
- 11 High in mid-Atlantic? (4-4-4)

Down

- 13 Reduce resistance lest alman suffer (10)
- 14 Withholding one meant trouble in the depression (10)
- 16 Tell eg drug's stolen? (5,4)
- 21 Bloodthirsty law lord sequesters smallest state (5)
- 22 Lincoln died in his sleep (4)
- 23 The Shakespearean disposition (4)

Solution tomorrow
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Gilmour, 36, has been on the run for 15 years, sleeps with a Browning pistol under his pillow and has no idea what has happened to his daughter and son.

G2 page 4

سكرا من الامل